ESTABLISHED 1818.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28765—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1892.

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CHERRY BRANDY.
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McEWAN'S BEER.
As Supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 55 per Hogshead.
Rs. 28 per Kilderkin.
The Finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia And the East.
AGENTS:—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

	Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	10th June.
B.L.	SHANNON	4077	900	E. P. Bishop	17th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	24th "
B.L.	THAMES	4078	900	W. A. Seaton	1st July.
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	8th "
B.L.	CARTHAGE	4079	1000	M. de Horne	15th "
†*	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	22nd "
B.L.	ROHILLA	3387	700	J. E. Jephson	29th "
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	5th Augt.
B.L.	GANGES	4237	900	T. J. Alderton	12th "
†*	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	19th "
B.L.	SUTLEJ	4165	800	W. D. G. Worcester	26th "
†	SIAM	3038	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd Sept.
B.L.	PENINSULAR	4972	1200	A. C. Loggin	9th "
†	ASSAM	3041	500	G. W. F. Browne	16th "
					Saturday.
B.L.	ORIENTAL	4972	1200	L. H. Moule	24th Sept.

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only and Passengers transhipthere to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.

†* These vessels proceed to Aden only and passengers tranship there to a steamer for Brindisi and London. No passengers for Marseilles can proceed by these steamers.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway Fare, from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 10 a. m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.

A Steam Barge leaves the P. and O. Dockyard at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.

The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, & NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates, conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.

Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

June 16th — June 30th — July 28th.
July 14th — August 11th.

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, June 6th, 1892.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.
BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES, AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA.

THE well-known Steamers of this Company will sail on:
28th June. 26th July. 23rd August.

For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, June 4, 1892.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
AMPHITRITE	B. Vidos	4,200	600	1st July.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.

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Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued to London, via Trieste at specially Reduced Rates.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	3,800	550	22nd June.
MELPOMENE	A. Mitis	3,800	550	22nd July.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 400	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 12th of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
BERENICE	P. Mersa	3,200	550	8th July.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta, and at Singapore with the s.s. GALATEA to Sourabaya and Batavia.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

O. von HOFFER, Acting Agent.

Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, June 8, 1892.

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S. S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on the 12th June, at 11 a.m., or on arrival of English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bussrah, in the foregoing order, weather permitting.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "UMBALLA," 1,911 tons, on the 10th June, at about 3 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 9th June, 1892. Agents.

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Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
A STEAMER		On or about 30th June.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to

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FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

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ANCHOR LINE.

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ARMENIA	3585	Geo. Read	13th July.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.

The voyage to Marseilles is not expected to exceed twenty-one days, and the Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.

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*LYCIA	3130	B. Fletcher, R. N. R.	4th July for Plymouth.

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" 0 Two-and-a-half gallon size	15 0	17 0
" " " Wicker covered	17 0	19 8
" 1 Three-and-a-half gallon size	20 0	22 8
" " " Wicker covered	23 8	26 0
" 2 Five-gallon size	27 0	30 0
" 3 Six-gallon size	34 0	39 0
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Brown Soft Silk, very durable	"	9 9
Brown and Dark Green Twilled Silk	"	12 8
Brown and Dark Green Twilled Silk	"	13 8
The Automaton Self-opening, Brown and Dark Green Twilled Silk	"	14 8
Brown and Dark Green, Best Spitalfield's Silk, the best that is made	"	16 8

LADIES' UMBRELLAS.

	Rs. a.
Brown Soft Silk	6 8
Brown Twilled Silk	11 8
Best Brown Twilled Spitalfield Silk	12 8

WALKING STICKS. A LARGE CHOICE, SILVER MOUNTED, FOR PRESENTATION, &c.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTRO-TECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

A LECTURE READ BY
PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER
(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
[Annas 2, Post free.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for PRINTING the ADMINISTRATION REPORTS of the Municipalities, in the Northern Division, for the year 1891-92. About 100 Copies will be required. Applications should be submitted to the Commissioner, N.D., before 30th instant, stating the price for 100 Copies and the time within which the work will be completed. Printed copies of last year's Reports can be seen at the Commissioner's Office, at Ahmedabad, or at the Municipal Offices, in the Division.

BOMBAY BRANCH, NATIONAL PHONOGRAPHIC SOCIETY.

AN ADJOURNED MEETING will be held in the Municipal Offices, at 5-45 P.M., on MONDAY, the 13th instant, at which every Fellow and Member is urgently requested to be present; urgent business being before the meeting.

H. A. ACWORTH, C.S.,
Chairman.

NOTIFICATION.

THE GOCULDAS' TEJPAL HIGH SCHOOL situated on the Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, OPENS TO-DAY. Students wishing to be admitted therein should apply personally to the CLERK of the High School on the School Premises.

JAMNADAS MANORDAS,
Secretary, G. T. Charities.
10th June, 1892.

DRYING BOTTLES.

IF you want to preserve your Perishable Articles against Damp, use one of our Drying Bottles.

Capacity, oz.50, Rs. 2-4; oz. 120, Rs. 4; oz. 140, Rs. 4-12; oz. 190, Rs. 6.

MADON, SONS & Co.,
23, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOW READY.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
Single copy .....As. 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICE.

BANGALORE "DAILY POST" AND "EXAMINER PRESS."

A FIRST CLASS BUSINESS, WORTHY THE ATTENTION OF CAPITALISTS.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th day of July, 1892 next, for the purchase, free of incumbrances of all the PRINTING PRESSES, BINDING and other MACHINERY, TYPES, (English, Canarese and Tamil) and plant of every description, Furniture, Editor's Library, and all other goods and effects belonging to the above Presses situate at No. 10, Residency Road, C. and M. Station, Bangalore.

The above has recently been valued at an aggregate sum of Rs. 27,000, and intending tenderers can see a detailed Inventory of the same at the "Daily Post" Office.

All tenders should be sent in to the undersigned at the Office of the "Daily Post" on or before the 15th day of July 1892 next, and be superscribed on the outside cover, "Tender for Purchase of Machinery, &c., of the "Daily Post" and "Examiner Press."

The undersigned does not bind herself to accept the highest or any tender. Each tender to be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, which amount will be returned to all unsuccessful tenderers about the 23rd July 1892.

Mrs. M. E. MERGLER,
Executrix of the Will of the
late J. W. HAYES, Sr., Proprietor,
"Daily Post and Examiner Press."

Bangalore, June 6th, 1892.

BHAVNAGAR-GONDAL-JUNAGAD-PORBANDAR RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and from the 15th June, 1892, and till further notice, the TRAIN SERVICE will be as follows:—

UP.	Mail.	Mixed.	DOWN.	Mail.	Mixed.
Bhavnagar Dep.	9-47	20-30	Wadwan Junc. Dep.	13- 5	23-30
Dhola Junction Ar.	11-24	72-08	Dhola Junc. Ar.	16-44	5-23
Do. Dep.	11-44	23-30	Do. Dep.	16-50	6- 2
Wadwan Junc. Ar.	15-21	5-17	Bhavnagar Ar.	18-37	8-30
	Mixed.				Mixed.
Dhola Junction Dep.	6-15		Porbandar Dep.		5-10
Jetalsar Junction Ar.	12- 7		Jetalsar Junction Ar.		10-44
Do. Dep.	12-27		Do. Dep.		11- 9
Porbandar Ar.	18- 0		Dhola Junction Ar.		16-36
	Mixed.				Mixed.
Jetalsar Junction Dep.	12-32		Veraval Dep.		6- 0
Junagad Ar.	13 25		Junagad Ar.		9-24
Do. Dep.	13-45		Do. Dep.		9-39
Veraval Ar.	17- 9		Jetalsar Junction Ar.		10-35

C. CARROLL,
Traffic Superintendent.
Traffic Superintendent's Office, Dated 4th June 1892.

"ACME" MILK TESTER.

THIS Instrument has been expressly designed to provide house-holders and others with a SIMPLE but RELIABLE test of the purity of the Milk supplied to them. It has neither Scale nor Divisions, consequently no error can possibly be made in using it; and nothing can be simpler, as you have merely to watch the head rising or falling. It is guaranteed as accurate and effective as the more expensive Instruments. It cannot fail to prove a BOON when pure Milk is ESSENTIAL, whether for sickness, culinary or other purposes, as it provides a thoroughly reliable test, SO EASY TO USE that a child could apply it.

Re. 1 in Case, with Directions.

23, Hummum St., } MADON, SONS & Co. { Fort, Bombay.

NOW READY.

THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.

Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy .....Annas. 4.

"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

DYSENTERY! DIARRHŒA!!

SQUIBB'S

DYSENTERY	Will be found valuable to those	DROPS
DYSENTERY	who suffer from weakness of the	DROPS
DYSENTERY	Stomach and Bowels, and are	DROPS
DYSENTERY	consequently more liable to	DROPS
DYSENTERY	Diarrhœa and Dysentery. The	DROPS
DYSENTERY	Drops not only stop Diarrhœa and	DROPS
DYSENTERY	Dysentery, but remove the cause.	DROPS
DYSENTERY	In many cases of Diarrhœa and	DROPS
DYSENTERY	Dysentery, these Drops have been	DROPS
DYSENTERY	found to have a magic effect,	DROPS
DYSENTERY	most alarming symptoms quickly	DROPS
DYSENTERY	yielding to treatment and a seri-	DROPS
DYSENTERY	ous illness warded off. Re. 1-4.	DROPS
DYSENTERY		DROPS
DYSENTERY	MADON, SONS & CO.,	DROPS
DYSENTERY	23, Hummum St., Fort, Bombay.	DROPS

USEFUL PRESENTS.

GENTLEMEN'S GOLD SCARF PINS.

A large and varied Assortment of the most Artistic Designs in Gold and Jewelled Pins.

Gold Horse Shoe Pins, Rs. 7, 9 and 11.—A Horse Shoe set with the best Quality of Diamonds, Rs. 55; also an endless variety of designs, set with Precious Stones of every known variety at prices to suit everybody.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a SELECTION of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS, done in VERSE after the manner of various other Great Poets; by W. E. H. Price, Rs. 1-8, postage Annas 4.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

ELECTRIC BATTERIES, complete Leclanches, 2 pints, Rs. 2. Dry Batteries, best make, Rs. 2. Dry Batteries for Electric Light or Motor, Rs. 3. Daniels, Bunsens, and other Batteries Rs. 3.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

LADIES' GOLD BROOCHES.—Nothing is more useful or acceptable to a Lady than a Brooch. A Select Assortment of the most Fashionable designs at exceptionally low Prices. Gold Horseshoe Brooches, from Rs. 12; other Designs from Rs. 10 to Rs. 50. Safety Pins, from Rs. 5.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

BUYERS of Sewing Machines please demand an affirmative answer from the Seller if the Machine is manufactured by the Singer Company. THE SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., Bombay.

ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD WATCHES by ROTHERHAM & SONS, in hunting, half-hunting and open-faced cases, 4 plate, with compensation balance.—CURSETJEE COWASJEE, G. I. P. Ry. Watch-maker, 42, Motlowa Street.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.—WANTED a HEAD MASTER. Salary Rs. 130, with free quarters. Apply by letter, with copies of certificates, to the SECRETARY, (Rev. C. Gilder), Bombay.

WANTED, YOUTH as CLERK, must write a neat hand and be quick at figures. Salary Rs. 20 to 25. Apply "No. 351," care of this Paper.

BILLIARD TABLE, WANTED IMMEDIATELY, complete and in good condition, with Cues, Balls, and all requisites. Apply stating price for cash to "No. 222," care of this Paper.

ELECTRIC BELLS, Rs. 3; complete with Battery push and wires Rs. 8. Hand Telephones Rs. 4, complete Stations from Rs. 18. Spare Material, Switches, Wire, large stock always on hand.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

GENT'S UMBRELLAS, SILK, from Rs. 10-8; Alpacca Rs. 6. Good Neat Natural Handles, Fox's Paragon Frames.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TO CLEAR A CONSIGNMENT.—The following Wines of best qualities can be had very cheap. Legarde and Co.'s Champagne, Muscatel and Prunello Wines, Coca Bitters, and Chateau Margaux Claret, to be had from JEEJEEBHAI JEHANGEER and Co., Marine Street; also FRASER and Co., CHEMISTS, Sub-Agents, Cowasjee Patel Street, Fort.

TO SHIP CAPTAINS and AGENTS.—The services of a PRIVATE CLERK will be given by a European in payment of passage to England. Address "D. G. L.," care of Manager, "Bombay Gazette," where reference will be given.

FORMS OF POWER of ATTORNEY neatly printed. Price 4 annas. Can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency Business. 1, Trafalgar Buildings, Charing Cross, London.

RECEIVED, French Fancy Ornamental 15-day-going Clocks, with glass domes, Rs. 150, Rs. 180, Rs. 200 to Rs. 400.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLERY, etc., skilfully REPAIRED at Reasonable Rates.—C. A. CUTTRISS & Co., Watchmakers and Jewellers, Fort.

PRINTING PAPERS, manufactured specially for Indian Markets by Messrs. John Dickinson and Co., London.

ELECTRIC LIGHT for Medical, Dentist, or Domestic use, with Dry Batteries (Sensational Novelty) portable, durable, simple, and cheap. Incandescent Globes of all sizes and powers.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

MONSOON CLOTHING for COACHMEN.—Thick blue and Grey Coats with Hat covers, from Rs. 4 to 6 each. White Water-proof Coats at Rs. 4 each. —ALIHAJEE EBRAHIM BROTHERS, opposite Crawford Market.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.—Historical, Statistical and Descriptive, contains valuable information. Revised and corrected up to date. Price, Rs. 5, with postage Rs. 5-4, for sale at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

KANGRA VALLEY TEA DUST—Finest Orange Pekoe Dust, As. 12; Orange Pekoe Dust, As. 11; Pekoe Dust, As. 10; Souchong Dust, As. 9; Mixed Dust, As. 8; Congon Dust, As. 7; and Tea Dust, As. 6; per lb. —N. B. DANTRA & Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

£1,692,564 NEW ASSURANCES were issued by the STANDARD in 1891, the Largest Record yet made by the Company. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

CARRIAGES ON HIRE.—First-Class and very Comfortable CARRIAGES of all kinds, with excellent Horses, can be had on Hire by Day or Month at the LIVERY STABLE of MR. PESTONJEE EDULJEE SHROFF, Picket Road, Bombay. A Trial Solicited.

HOP-ALE, Ginger-Ale, Raspberryade, Gingerade, Lemonade, Tonic Water, and Seltzer, 12 Annas per dozen.—ROGERS and Co., Hummum Street.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner, Importer of French, English and Italian Stores and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description,—83, Meadows Street, Fort.

ELECTRIC FANS, WORKED BY DRY BATTERIES. Electric Chairs, Tables, Medical Boxes, Electric Strong Rooms, Money Safes, Cash Boxes, Electric Carpets, &c.—C. JOST and Co., 13-15, Hornby Row.

SHOULD you want your SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS supplied, Cleaned, and Repaired to entire satisfaction, try DANNEY & Co., Cutlers, 20, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay, the Cheapest House.

FOR SALE.—NAGUR'S Patent World Renowned Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, CHESTS, Patent Key Detective Locks, Cash Boxes, Paper Boxes, &c., &c. Safes by all English and Foreign makers. Repairs carefully executed.—NAGUR and Co., 62, Apollo Street, Bombay.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady, trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to "B. L. A.," care of Messrs. SOONDY and Co., Rampart Row.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business ANNOUNCEMENTS, BILL FORMS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

F. BAULCH, PIANOFORTE TUNER and REPAIRER, 3 years to T. R. H. Duke and Duchess of Connaught. Pianos FOR SALE, Church Gate Street. Tunings Rs. 5.

REGULATION WATERPROOF CLOAKS for Cavalry, Infantry and Civil Wear at Rs. 26, Rs. 21 and Rs. 20, respectively.—ARMY, NAVY & CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY OF INDIA, LD., Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

CHILDREN'S COTS.—All sizes and prices. A well assorted consignment, just landed.—JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ld., 13, Marine Street.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Eastern Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas. Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

PLUMBER (Good) seeks re-engagement. Practical Knowledge, Gas, Hot and Cold Water Fittings, Pumps, Latrines, Drainage and Deep Well Work, &c., also the management of men. Holder of Honours Certificates from the City Guilds of London Institute. References good. Address "PETER," care of this Office.

OLD POT STILL Irish WHISKEY.—Pure Malt ever imported. Guaranteed 7 years old. Buy no other. Rs. 30 per dozen.—O'NEAL & Co., Apollo Street, Bombay.

EXTRACTS out of numerous testimonials of Batliwala's AGUR PILLS or MIXTURE. Surg-Maj Jaykar:—It is a safe and reliable remedy. Surg-Maj Reporter:—I have found it very efficacious. J. Y. Lang, Esq., (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—Derived immediate benefit from its use. C. Greengrass, Esq., Contractor, Tansa Water-Works:—Found it of wonderful efficacy in every case. P. J. Daily, Esq., Chief Guard, S.-M. Railway:—It is really a dying man's Gold drop. Send your orders to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALA, Agur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co.; Phillips & Co., &c., at Re. 1.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! The Portable Electric Light Installation of the "Bombay Gazette" has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the ELECTRICIAN, "Bombay Gazette."

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 11th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Church Gate Street, Fort, opposite the Vienna Confectionery, the valuable and handsome french polished blackwood and teakwood, household furniture, pictures, lamps, cupboards, almyras, carpets, table ornaments, etc. The property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods, and the following:—

15 boxes Australian hock.
33 " John Exshaw's No. 1 brandy.
15 " Carlton's Whiskey, 5 years old,
15 " " 10 years old.
1 case handsome best China dinner service.
17 cases India Rubber, cotton and woollen foundation card cylinder, doffer, roller and clearer fillets.
35 coils hemp covered manilla steel wire ropes 1½, 2 3-4, 4 and 6 inches.
3 cases engravings and oleographs without frames.

On account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Itamchunder Juggonath Achari.—

3 cases about 710 pictures of Hindoo deities, saints, &c., to be sold in small lots to suit purchasers.

AT. 2 P.M.

1 strong serviceable office-chigram.
1 " second-hand double-seated brougham.
1 light strong victoria, in good order.
1 " serviceable dog-cart.
A lot of English Shanghai and Bussorah fowls and a pair of geese.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY ON THE ARTHUR ROAD, OUTSIDE THE FORT.

On FRIDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagee, Jan Mahomed Ebrahim and Jeseeb Ebrahim, being a minor by his guardian mother, Rookhiabai, widow of Ebrahim Haji Ahmed, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Hajee Fatamahomed Rahimtoola, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 25th day of August, 1891, the following property, viz.:—

All that piece of leasehold ground, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at Arthur Road, in the registration district of Bombay, in the island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement eleven and a half kathees, equivalent to 395 square yards or thereabouts, and assessed by the Municipality under ward No. and Street No. , and bounded on the east by the Fazundaree ground, on the west by the Fazundaree ground, on the north by the Arthur Road, and on the south by the Fazendaree ground.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, June 10, 1892.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 8, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

Under the consent order granted by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, Suit No. 88 of 1892, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 11th inst., at 3 p.m., at Colaba, near the Tramway Company's stables, in the godown shed of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company, 50 bales full-pressed cotton, booked under Kasgun to Colaba. Invoice No. 23, Railway Receipt 46 of 4-2-92.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, June 10, 1892.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
21, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

SALE OF ELECTRO-PLATED WARE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 10th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, in Medows Street, No. 21, as follows:—

A consignment of valuable and handsome electro-plated ware, the same consisting of 3, 4, 5 and 6 glass cruet, pickle, egg and liquor frames, butterpots, icepails, bread baskets, jam pots, biscuit boxes, center dishes, &c.

Also a consignment of table knives and forks; game and meat carvers and forks, spoons and forks, &c., &c.

SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their sale rooms in Medows Street, No. 21—

A consignment of 18 oil paintings in elaborated gilt frame by eminent Artists.
Now on view.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 10th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will sell by Auction at their rooms, as follows:—

4 Gent's riding saddles complete.
4 cases disinfectant.
One large size music box, playing 32 airs with Flute, Bells, Drums, and complete with stand, (quite new.)

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, June 10, 1892.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 11th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

By order of the concerned, and on account and risk of Jaffer Khakee—

Ex s.s. Imperatrix.

B HR KP C,—16192-93—3 cases glassware.
On account and risk of Abdoolally Esabhoy—
A E HRC—1 and 3—2 cases gold and silver thread.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in good order.
1 strong second-hand palanquin office shigram.
1 second-hand strong Victoria, with removable coach box.
1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, 14-2 hands 5 years old, quiet in harness.
1 chesnut Arab galloway quiet in saddle.
By order of Aga Hadi Md Hossein and Co. and on account and risk of Mr. Fajalbhoy Cassambhoy Gangjee.
1 palanquin office shigram.
Property of a gentleman—
1 thoroughbred chestnut waler stallion, 15-2, 8 years old, broken to saddle and harness, quiet and fast, owner leaving Bombay.

AUCTION SALE OF TOSHAKHANA ARTICLES.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 11th instant, at 3 p.m. Messrs BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, Toshakhana articles belonging to the Government of Bombay, consisting of silver-mounted saddle tree, bridle (Martingale's) tail piece, head-gear, &c., mounted with gold and silver rings, pieces of silk khees, Abra woolen burk, embroidered muslin and mulls, lungis, &c., &c.

The above is on view.

Under instructions from the mortgagee, and under the power of sale reserved to him in a deed of mortgage, dated the 31st day of January, 1883, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Bebee Khatoon, the wife of Mahomed Jaffer Shirazee, and the said Mahomed Jaffer Shirazee, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will put up for sale by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms, No. 22, Apollo Street, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd instant, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property:—All that dividend or dividends, or other sum or sums of money, which may be declared on the estate of the late Candas Narrondas, or otherwise shall become payable to the said Bebee Khatoon as one of the creditors on the estate of the said Candas Narrondas in respect of the sum of Rs. 10,27,089-2-11 due to her as in the said mortgage mentioned.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Auction sale of a very valuable large bungalow with outhouses, stables, &c., known as "Albert Hall," situated at Victoria Road, Byculla, opposite "San Suci."

On WEDNESDAY, the 29th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the premises, the following very valuable landed property:—

All that freehold piece or parcel of land, together with the bungalow, out-houses, &c., standing thereon, situate at Byculla, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 5,223 square yards, be the same, little, more or less, and bounded as follows:—On or towards the east by a public passage, 15ft. wide, on or towards the north partly by the property of the late Cumroo Jaffer Sulliman and partly by the property of Surgeon-Major K. S. Nartman, and on or towards the south by Victoria Road.

For further particulars and plan and catalogues of the conditions of sale, application may be made to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, June 10, 1892.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail. 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" also, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription, Rs. 11 per year, free of postage. Single Subscription, Re. 1 per week. Specimen copies sent free on application.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

SALE OF EIGHT PACKAGES COTTON, WOOLEN, COLOURED AND FANCY PIECE-GOODS, HOSIERY, &c.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee, High Court, and Assignee for the estate and effects of Abubucker Musa and others, adjudged insolvents, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m. at their Sale Rooms, No. 4, Forbes and Medows Streets, Fort, 8 packages containing white, coloured, woolen, and fancy cloth, shirting, hosiery, embroidered caps, drills, jacconets, chintz, blankets, silk, velvet flannel, check, and striped cloth, G. shirts, suderia, jackets, scarfs, dhotias, lace, buttons, umbrellas, quilts, Turkey red, purmata, broad cloth, canvas bags, &c.

SALE OF MILLINERY SHOP FURNITURE, &c.

Under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Acting Official Assignee, High Court, and in re Thomas Ramos and his wife, traded in the name of Mrs. C. Smith as dress-maker and milliners, Insolvents, Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co., will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 13th June 1892, at 2 p.m., at Bellasis Road, Byculla, opposite Messrs Treacher and Co. consisting ribbons, laces, veiling, stays, ready-made jackets and dresses, ladies' hats, bonnets, feathers, trips, satin cloth, buttons, thread, hat ornaments, gauzes, gloves, parasoles, collars, cupboards, show cases, office table, chairs, clocks, counter, sewing machine, finger's, velvets, silk, dress stand, models, and glass mirror.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, June 10, 1892.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between RUSTOMJEE LIMJEE BATLIBOI and A. LOSASSO, under the firm of R. L. BATLIBOI and Co., is DISSOLVED as from the 8th June inst.

A. LOSASSO.

8th June, 1892.

NOTICE.

UNDER the Provisions of Sections 26 and 27 of Act V. of 1881, Notice is hereby given that TWO GULBURGA MILLS SHARES, Nos. 947 and 951, respectively, valued at Rs. 500 each, and issued in the name of SHAH ZADA BEGUM, were found on the Residency Road, at Hyderabad, on or about the 17th October, 1891. Any person having a claim to the same must appear before the Superintendent, Residency Bazars, Hyderabad (Deccan), and establish his right within six months from the date of this Notice. Failing which the said Shares will be sold, and the sale proceeds credited to Government.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court, this 11th day of May, 1892.

O. V. BOZANQUET,
Superintendent, Residency Bazars,
Office of Supdt. Residency Bazars, Hyderabad (Deccan).

NOTICE.

I DO hereby give notice that from the 8th instant till the 8th July next, any DOGS FOUND STRAYING in the STREETS or beyond the enclosures of the houses of the owners of such DOGS will be DESTROYED in accordance with the Provisions of Section CXVI of Act XIII of 1856.

W. H. WILSON, Colonel,
Commissioner of Police.
Police Commissioner's Office, Bombay, 7th June, 1892.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for Immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE,

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex Paul Revere, Rs. 3-12-0 per case wholesale.

Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેબતુલા શેખાદમ-ની કું.
ને., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 149 Military Messes and 38 Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL St. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B
CHAS. MACKINLAY AND Co.	Leith.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
THOS. MOSLEY AND Co.	Gibraltar.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

THE BOMBAY COMPANY, LD.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Celebrated Liqueur Whisky.

Rs. 28 per dozen Bottles.
" 14 " 2 dozen Pints.

"BIRCHBRAE," Old Scotch Whisky.
Rs. 22 per dozen Bottles.

EUGENE CLICQUOT'S Champagne Carte Blanche Extra Dry.

Rs. 55 per dozen Bottles.
" 6) " 2 dozen Pints.

HUNT, ROOPE & TEAGE'S Genuine Old Port.
Rs. 33 per dozen Bottles (Quality No. 3.)
" 24 " " " " 1)

"CEPA DE MACON" Light Claret.
Rs. 12 per dozen Bottles.

"VINO DE MILAZZA," A Sicilian Wine.
Rs. 6 per dozen Bottles.

BASS & Co's LIGHT BITTER ALE.

"GREEN DIAMOND" Brand. Bottled by Thlers & Bell, Liverpool.

Rs. 4-12 per dozen Bottles.
" 2-14 " " Pints.

TO BE HAD FROM
THE BOMBAY COMPANY, LD.,
Fort, Bombay.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.

Selected and Shipped by BLANDY BROS. & Co., of London

MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy" Stock
PORTS—From Hooper Bros., Oporto.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gastelu E. Yrlarte, Cadiz.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Reims.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A. Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
HOCKS—From Mayer & Cobleuz, Binger-am-Rhein.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co., Leith
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness

DETAILED LIST OF PRICES & TERMS FROM
B. RAMCHANDRA & Co., SOLE AGENTS,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SOUTHWELL & AUSTIN, LD.

(IN LIQUIDATION).

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

OF

ALL THE VALUABLE AND VERY CAREFULLY

SELECTED GOODS

OF THE ABOVE COMPANY.

ENORMOUS REDUCTIONS.

STOCK MUST BE CLEARED.

SPENCER & CO.'S CIGARS.

PROPRIETARY BRANDS:—

SALISBURYS,	GOLD MOHURS,	SIESTAS,
BEACONFIELDS,	IMPERIALS,	MAYOS,
TORPEDOS,	LITTLE RANDOLPHS,	SUMATRAS

NOTICE:—SPENCER & Co.'s FACTORY at Dindigul is the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE CIGAR FACTORY IN INDIA. All their Cigars are made from Picked Material, under trained European Management, and they have no hesitation in stating that their Productions are unequalled by any in India.

PROCURABLE FROM ALL THE PRINCIPAL CIGAR DEALERS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CIGAR DRYING BOTTLES.

These Bottles are made with hollow stoppers, in which is placed a bag of lime for absorbing moisture. They are much appreciated by smokers in damp climates, and during the monsoon, for keeping Cigars in smoking condition.

Diameter at base, 7 in.
Height, including stopper, 11 in.,
Price Rs. 5-0 nett.

SPECIAL PRICES FOR DEALERS WHICH CAN BE OBTAINED ON APPLICATION.

CIGARS OF ANY SIZE OR SHAPE CAN BE MADE TO ORDER.

SPENCER & CO.

HEAD OFFICE:—MADRAS.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5. Horses standing at livery on Commission sale. Rs. 35 per month, including horse keeper. Commission on Horse bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses taken to single and double harness in the yard Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical Rural's Farrier, and every class of shoeing is done.

J. NEUBERG,

MEDOWS STREET,

BOMBAY.

DUTCH CIGARS.—Mild, well-flavoured, easy draught and superb finish, Rs. 3 to Rs. 15 per 100.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SPOTTED DOGS.—Par Excellence *the* Mess Cigar, Rs. 11 per 100.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

TWISTED MANILLAS.—The latest brand out, put up in boxes of 50. Rs. 10 per box.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS.—Bock's "Golden Eagles," "Upmanns," "Belindas" and all the leading brands, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 per 100.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

CONDITIONERS.—To promote the proper conditioning of Cigars, Cigarettes, or Tobaccos in the Monsoon. Convenient, portable and unbreakable, Rs. 3, Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 2 each.
J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

SMOKING MIXTURES.—"Pyramid" (mild), "1883" (medium mild), "Golden Block," (

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Indian Banks.					
Bank of Bombay	10,000	500	500	Rs. 25	1,035
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	9 pr. ct.	1,021
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	990
Exchange Banks.					
Agra	100,000	400	all	5 pr. ct.	122
Charter Bank...	40,000	620	620	7 pr. ct.	625
Char. Mercantile	20,000	625	625	5 pr. ct.	300
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80.	8125	all	15 pr. ct.	653–
National Bank of India	37,320	625	612½	6 pr. c.	185
New Oriental Bank	80,000	630	all	6 pr. ct.	110
Silver Shares					70
PRESS COMPANIES.				Yearly	1,100x
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	
Albert Gimbiaz Co	100	500	all		45
Albert (Karraghee)	200	1,100	1,100	18 pr.c.	35
Apollo	750	2,000	2,000	90	300
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	122
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs. 40	120
Broil's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld	500	200	200	10	110
Broach City Press Co., Ld.	200	200	all	16	217
Colaba	500	1,980	1,980	...	1,42
East India	350	1,000	1,000	45 dvd	1,450
English Press and Mang ..				130	180
Fort	400	250	...		350
French	315	2,500	2,50.	Rs. 20	450
Harvey and Sabapathy Hemgold Press Co. Ld	300	50.	all	100	85
Mercantile	45.	500	50.	50	480x
Motlimull Co	750	400	all	50	137
Munmar M	1,000	250	all	63	475
New Borar	240	450	450	32½	490
New Indian				63	
Prince of Wales Sabapathy (Bellary)	00	500	500		50
Rombay Cotton Manufacturing Co.	30.	500	50.	20	380
Samson	80.	500	500	30	50
Sind and Punjab Co	400	1,000	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	135	445
Sorab Woollen Mills	1,200	250	25.	35	21
Surat City Press Co., Ld.	375	200	all	75	230
Volkart		1,000	100	Rs. 100	185
SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.					
Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,40
Alliance	1,500	100	all	Rs. 20	465
Anglo-Indian	1,315	100	100	5	87
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)					
Bombay Unit ed	871	500	all	9 per.ct.	500
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co., Ld.	900	1,000	1,000	25	580
Bombay Cotton Manufg. Co., Bombay Na tional Manfg. Co., Ld.	600	500	500	20	380
Britannia Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	..	325 nom
Central India	1,000	1,000	1,000	30	44
China Mills Co. Ld.	1,000	500	500	40	1150
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil	50
Commercial Manufg. Co. Ld. (Belgaum)	60.	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1060
Coorla Mills	4,0a	700	700	12½	63
Coral Mills Co., Ld.	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	6.0
David Mill	1,688	100	100	50	43
Dhun Mills	400	500	500	Rs. 20	447
Empress	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	860
Framjee Petit.	2,100	500	500	10 pr.ct.	630
Gordon Mills.	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	485
Hindustan	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	125
Hingunghat Mill	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	715
Howard and Bulloughs ..	700	500	500	40	685
Hyderabad	1,500	500	500	25	670
Imperial Cotton	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	985
Indian Manfg.	900	500	500	..	420
James Greaves	1,000	500	1,000	Rs. 50	1,010x
Jaffer Alli	1,100	500	50	10 pr.ct.	675
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	600	500	500	Nil.	34
Jewraz Baloo...	1,800	250	250	12½	205
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	800
Khandesh	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 x
Khanderao Manfg. Co	750	1,000	1,000	30	6 5
Khatao Mackanjee	400	250	250	Nil.	640
Kohinoor	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 2.	495
Leopold	3,500	100	10.	15 pr.ct.	144
Lord Reay Mills	445	1,000	1,000	35	70
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	1065
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	100	2225
Mahalaxmeeo	900	1,000	1,000	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shah Mills (G u l b u r g a)	2,400	50.	50	15pr.ct.	500no
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,00	Rs 70	1560
Mazagon	5,000	250	25.	6	117
Moraji Goordas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,730x
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,50.	100	100	7 pr.ct.	105
Madura Mills..	7,779	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	500	100	1,000	Nil.	15
New Great Eastern	1,400	100	1,000	Rs. 2	600
Oriental	5,725	625	62	Rs. 12½	435
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1225
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	(8
Ripon Mills.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 65	1130x
Sassoon.....	1,500	1,000	1,000	..	1,45
Sholapore Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	..	1250
Soonderdas.....	750	1,000	1,000	3	465
Southern India	1,000	500	500	N	100no
Southern Mahratta.	1,212	250	25	12½	290
Sun Mills, Ld..	1,300	250	25	12½	205
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	35
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	1 s. 25	48
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co	900	1,000	1,000	50	62
Victoria Mills .	550	1,000	1,000	25	35
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700x
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	710
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	..	600 nom
MISCELLANEOUS.					
				Last Dividend.	
A l c o c k Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	255
	750	50	150	7½	19
Backiay Bathe	500	50	50	12	1
Badhan Pille ..	5,000	100	100	12	10
Bapty Brothers	6,625	200	185	18	42
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited..	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100no
Bombay Fire insurance	800	2,500	1,000	70	1,100
Bombay & Burma Trading Corporation..	1,000	2,500	1,500	270	4,225
Do. New Issue.	50	375	62	67½	1,080
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	10	ox div 2	90
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	3 pr.ct.	63
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	28
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr.ct.	1
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr.ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills..	1,500	200	20	Rs. 14	135
Geyer & Co., Ld.	600	100	7	..	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	16
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	119
Kemp & Co. ...	4,000	200	175	25	318
Kurrachee Landing...	500	500	300	30	120
Manasee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,600	100	100	Nil.	30
Marcus & Co.,	1,000	100	100	Rs. 10	83
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	88
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	..	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ..	5,000	200	50	12 pr.ct.	182
Oriental Loan..	5,000	20	20	8 pr.ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr.ct.	88
Port Canning Co.....	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	462½
Prince of Wales Fire In.	2.0	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,35
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	..	20
Soundy & Co ...	1,0	100	10	9	8
Southwell, and Austin, Ld. ..	Ord. 1,00	100	10	5 pr.ct.	2
Do.	Prf. 1,000		100	10 pr.ct.	100
Treacher & Co.	2,000	5 0	all	85	980
Thacker & Co.	1,500	1 (	10	10	30
Telephone Co...	3,300	25	2.	Rs. 1	29

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	108½
Four-and-a-half per cent	101½ to ½
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	117
New French Loan 3 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	240
Port Trust Bonds	103½

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	15-6
Carolas	,,	227
Mexican Dollars	,,	222-8
Five Francs Pieces Gold	,,	300
Bar Silver	,,	109-9
Gold Leaf	,,	24-8
Par Gold, English	,,	33-14
Par Australian	,,	33-12
Bar Bombay	,,	33-13
Bar Pekin	,,	34-

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Polo on the Maidan, 5-30 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 6 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Albion (s), from Mauritius; Teheran (s), Hongkong; Minna Craig (s), Cardiff; and Naples (s), Massowa.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Thibet (s), for China, &c.; and La Seyne (s) Aden, &c.

POLO.—There will be a game to-day, at 5-30 p.m., sharp.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s.s. Teheran and Minna Craig entered the dock yesterday, and the s.s. Albion left it on Wednesday, and the s. s. La Seyne yesterday.

POSTAL NOTICE.—With effect from the 9th June, 1892, the charges on Foreign Money Orders and British Postal Orders will be regulated by Schedule 35, *viz.*, 1s. 3½d. per rupee.

REPORTED THEFT.—Ameerbee, a Mahomedan woman, living at Falkland Road, has reported to the police the theft of gold and silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 635, from a box in her room, on Wednesday night.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—Total number of patients treated during the month of May was 4,210, daily average being 136; the total of new admissions 1,630; and number of children vaccinated, 124.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Mahomed Hajee Ali, residing at Sat Tar Street, has made a report to the police that, during his absence from home, on Wednesday evening, his servant, Moideen Kotee, stole Rs. 80, in currency notes, from a box, and absconded to Poona.

DEFECTIVE LIGHTS AT MAHIM.—Inspector Jones, in his report to the Commissioner of Police, says that the whole of the gas-lights in the Mahim section went out on Wednesday night shortly after they had been lighted, and the whole section remained in darkness all night.

DISMISSED FROM GOVERNMENT SERVICE.—Kallapa bin Sidgowda, acting Police Patel of Hire Sevanur, taluka Indi, of the Bijapur District, having been convicted, under Section 412, of the Indian Penal Code, and having been in consequence dismissed from office, is declared ineligible to serve Government again in any capacity.—*Bombay Government Gazette.*

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the King's Own Yorkshire Light Infantry will play the following programme, at the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, this evening, at 6 p.m.

Lancers	English	Jullien.
Selection	Donna Juanita	Suppé.
Valse	Zuleika	Farc.
Intermezzo	On the Road to Moscow	Loetz.
Selection..	The Rose Maiden	Cowen.
Polka	Grazien	Gungl.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BURGLARY AND THEFT.—Before Mr. P. H. Dastoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate, yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Courts, Dewsey Weljee was brought up by Inspector Nolan on a charge of house-breaking and theft of property, consisting of gold and silver ornaments and a deal-wood box, valued in the aggregate at Rs. 154. Dosa Canjee identified and claimed the property, which he found missing from his house on Wednesday evening, on his return from a dinner party. The description of the burglar was communicated to the police by a *purdasee*, who had seen the prisoner enter the residence and leave it, carrying the box, containing the jewellery on his head. The police acted upon this clue, and were successful in finding the thief, who conducted them to a boarding-house, and pointed out the ornaments in question. The Magistrate convicted the accused of the offence, and sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for six months.

ROBBING A FRIEND.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Visram Balla was charged before Mr. W. R. Hamilton, Second Presidency Magistrate, with stealing silver ornaments, valued at Rs. 11, and Rs. 3 in cash from the house of Bhagoo, a Hindu woman, living at Byculla. It appeared that the accused was in the habit of frequently visiting the complainant's house. On Wednesday last he called at her house, and whilst she was engaged in her household work in a rear room, the accused stole the ornaments from a box that was placed in the front room, and absconded. He sold the ornaments to Kassiram Ganu, and spent the proceeds in drinking. In the evening he had a row with a woman, and he was arrested by a policeman for disorderly behaviour, in a public place. It was subsequently discovered that he had stolen the ornaments of Bhagoo. The accused pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to two months' i nprisonment, with hard labour.

CHARGE OF CHEATING.—The case in which Anna Saheb Powar was charged with cheating the Raja of Ramnad of the sum of Rs. 469 came on yesterday for further hearing before Mr. Webb, Third Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Little, Solicitor, appeared for the prosecution, while Mr. Spencer, Pleader, defended the accused. Mr. Spencer pointed to several d'screpancies in the evidence brought for the complainant's case. He admitted the indebtedness of his client, but said that had nothing to do with the case in question. The delay caused in delivering the goods to the Raja was owing to the illness of his client, and he had not the remotest intention of cheating the Raja. The postal authorities were well-acquainted with the whereabouts of the accused. Three letters, addressed to N. Venstone and Co., Bombay, were miscarried, and delivered to Messrs. William Watson and Co. Those letters were opened by Messrs. William Watson and Co., and in reply, the firm wrote to the Raja to the effect that there was no N. Venstone and Co. in Bombay. That led the Raja to believe that a fraud was committed. The Magistrate framed a charge of cheating against the accused and postponed the case to the 17th inst. to give him an opportunity of calling evidence.

NATIONAL PHONOGRAPHIC SOCIETY, BOMBAY BRANCH.—A meeting of this society was held last Wednesday evening, in the premises of Messrs. Thomas Cook, and Son's Offices, Fort, Mr. H. A. Acworth, Municipal Commissioner, presiding. The chairman, in opening the proceedings, said he was glad to see there had been constituted a society for the purpose of studying phonography, and hoped it would soon be on a sound footing. There were in all twelve fellows, nineteen members, and forty-four probationers on the list, and it was a matter of regret, that so few were present that evening.—The election of office-bearers of the society was postponed until the next meeting, which it was proposed to hold at the Municipal Offices, at 5-45 p.m., on Monday next. One of the members proposed the Cathedral High School as a suitable place, to hold their meetings, while another suggested the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, but it was argued that some of the Hindoo members might hesitate entering the precincts of the Christian house. A Hindoo member said that the Hindoos of the present generation were not so orthodox, and there would be no objection on the part of the Hindoo members to go to the Y. M. C. A. Rooms. The point was not settled, and will be discussed at a future meeting, at Messrs. Cooke, and Son's Office.

A CASE SENT TO ARBITRATION.—Seerinbai Burjorji Batliwalla issued a summons against her husband, Burjorji Cowasji Batliwalla, for maintenance, and another against him and his nephew for assaulting her on 10th May last. The case came up for hearing on the 8th inst. before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, Fourth Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Moroji Kashinath, Pleader, appeared for the complainant, and Mr. DeSouza, Pleader, defended the accused. In reply to the Magistrate's question, the accused said that he was willing to maintain his wife, but she had left him of her own free-will. She had been ill-advised by her relatives. Mr. Moroji said that the accused treated his client very badly. She was, however, willing to go to his house, if her husband would give a written statement to behave well to her. Mr. DeSouza refused to give any such written statement. The Magistrate suggested, that it would be better to settle the case out of court. The complainant suggested the name of Dustoor Jamaspji Minocherji as the arbitrator, the opposing party consenting to this, his Worship postponed the case for one month, in order to give them an opportunity to settle it amicably out of court.

AN IMPORTANT LICENSE QUESTION.—Mr. Bennett of the Municipal Licenses Department, charged one Mahmud Jan Mahmud, before Mr. P. H. Dustoor, with storing cotton refuse for his cattle, without a license. The accused said, that he had nearly forty cattle, and he stored the cotton refuse for feeding his cattle only, and not to sell it, a cart-load was stored every two or three days. The Magistrate remarked that the accused stored the refuse for feeding his cattle, and there was for him to issue a license. He asked if it was necessary, for a person storing hay and grass for five or six horses, to have a license? Had the Tramway Company a separate license for their storage? He thought he would not be justified in compelling the accused to have a license. Mr. Bennett said that other Magistrates forced licenses in such cases. That was an important case involving Municipal revenue. The Tramway Company had a special charter, and private gentlemen, having horses for domestic purposes, had no licenses. But those who keep hackney carriages had to take licenses. In the same manner, those who had cows or bullocks, from whose produce or labour they derive a benefit they ought to have a license. His Worship, in disposing of the case, said that he would like to have better proofs to establish the claims of the Municipality, and he could not, therefore, compel the accused to take out a license.

ALLEGED EXTENSIVE ROBBERY.—The case in which Premji Namchund, a Hindoo, accused Nathoo Appa and Ghela Khetsey, of robbing him of currency notes to the value of Rs. 22,000, came up yesterday for further hearing before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate. Mr. Brown, Solicitor, appeared on behalf of the complainant; Mr. Turner, Solicitor, defended the first accused, and Mr. Kapadia, Pleader, the second accused. The complainant was re-examined by Mr. Turner, and said he never played with dice or cards. He did not know whether Chapsee Parwat used to play with dice or cards. He did not make any inquiries about the worth of the gold ornaments on any of the occasions, and he intended to have the gold valued when the ornaments were brought to him from Mahi's partner. He would have the gold valued by a shroff in the market. He said that it was on the third occasion at about 6 or 6-30 p.m. that he went with Rs. 22,000. In Mr. Kapadia's cross-examination witness said that his firm did business in gold for house-hold purposes. It was the first time that the firm did business of that sort through him. There were two *mehtas* in the firm and one used to keep the accounts, and one the cash. Both of them attended to either work, and had also to attend to out-door work when required. His firm also dealt in *hoondees*. The day, on which he took Rs. 22,000 from the firm he did not know that the firm had to pay any other man. He knew the second accused for the last two or three years, but did not know that he was doing a broker's business. He learnt from Chapsee's conversation that Ghela Abba was a broker. The case was again adjourned.

SMALL CAUSES COURT—JUNE 8.

(Before Khan Bahadur CURSETJEE MANECKJEE.

DR. BYRAMJEE NOWROJEE *vs.* M. M. MULLA FIROZ.

ACTION FOR RENT.

THE plaintiff in this case claimed from the defendant, a merchant of Bombay, Rs. 50, for rent for the month of March last of the plaintiff's premises, in the Elphinstone Circle, leased to the defendant, under an agreement, dated 25th February, 1892. The plaintiff appeared in person, while the defendant was represented by Mr. Ardeshir Oonwalla, of Messrs. Janardhan and Ardasir, solicitors. Mr. Oonwalla admitted the lease, but contended that his client was bound to pay rent only from the 19th March as possession of the premises was withheld till then. From the evidence in the case and the cross-examination of the plaintiff it appears that the premises in question were originally required by a third gentleman, but the plaintiff for certain reasons of his own declined to give him the same. The defendant after the agreement intended to relet the same to that gentleman. The plaintiff, on being informed of the same, locked the doors of the premises, alleging in Court that he did so in order to prevent nuisance that might be committed by dogs and other animals, although he admitted that he did not give notice of the same to the defendant either before or after locking the doors. His Honor, on hearing the plaintiff's case and without calling upon the defendant, dismissed the suit, and only allowed Rs. 19-5-8, being rent due, as was admitted, by the defendant.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS.

THE following is a list of unclaimed letters lying at the General Post Office, Bombay:—

Ascher, W, Mrs.
Agent of the Personal Assistant to the Raja of Ramnad
Alexander, H N
Anderson, E S, Miss
Arbuer, Miss
Arjeeee, Madam
Anokh Singh
Beighton, T D
Browne, Mrs
Blaker, N, Mrs
Beaver, F, Major
Bailey, C
Bonlo, H K
Barman
Braloy, Newton
Bilna, L
Dal Lalbat
Buchan, Fordyce
Bruhl, Henry
Brolong, D P
Chapman, Mrs
Callab, A G
Charles, L
Crawford, A T
Cahill, Mrs
Churchward
Cameron, K
Coelho, C M
Cawdell, R J
Currie, C F, Col
Cassum Mahomed
Cronch, R B
Clarke, F M
Claby, F Mrs
Crasley, Mrs
Donnelly, M, Mrs
Donnelly, Mrs
Donenberg, A
Dickins, W A, Revd
Dean Mrs
Desbarough, L E
Dayle, D D
Dalby, F, Mrs
DeLange, W N
Drecneit, H
Elphinston, G, Sir
Ellis, H
Escenhofer, J K
Frankel, H A
Forester, W
Farrel, M
Farrel, S
Foreshow, L, Mrs
Gallagher, M P, Mrs
Glascock, W, Capt
Giffort, G G
Gerrosh, F O
Graham, E, Mrs
Greathead, C
Grascous, M P
Glen, J M
Gamsley, J, Mrs
Gul Mohomed
Gemfeeld
Galgmonux, Miss
Gaertner, Leon
Hickling, S
Howard, J L
Hind, A
Hill, T G
Harrington, P C
Hilbard, J M
Hickey, D
Hamilton, J, Capt
Herewig, Mrs
Holiday, J R
Haisbs, J H
Heberlandt, G, Dr
Honnucl, D, Revd
Honeyford, J
Hutchinson, W S, Col
Howlett, J, Surg
Israil, H N
Jogandranath Ghor
Jones, J
Jacob, Mrs
John, Rajagahall
Jacucpoubry, J
Jervis, L
Kitson, H H
Kitton, Tom
Kelly, Captain
Knight, G S
Kunouth, E
Kerley, E E
Kennard, P B
Kenny, D S
Lausdell, C
Lausdell, W, Mrs.
Lawrence, J
Leelon, R H
Lindford, M Mrs
Lansdale, M
Morris, I
Middleton, R T
Milne, G C, Mrs
Murtaza, Profes
Man, E H
Moodie, C O
Mackenzie, R Capt
Martin, W
Marshall, F E
Wild, Mrs
MacDonald, J
MacDonald, A E
Mannells, S P
Meyer, P
Manfo, A
Nader, V
Nabob, J
Naylor, A M
Nairne, A K
Norris, E
Narayan, S J
Nailor, L M, Mrs
Owen, M S
Oswald
Owares, R
Pascha, M A
Pergins, Mrs
Peters, T M
Phipps, C E
Purcell, Mr
Resnitskaya, S Mrs
Rainey, H J
Rolehil
Ramsay, Mrs
Russell, C E M
Rice, W
Rich, L
Rhodes, M J
Ridley, Mrs
Rivett-Carnac, Capt
Rebarker, M
Resznicke, S
Rajs, M
Rustin, H, Silva
Sinclair, T
Shorter, A E
Samuel, T
Simpson, E
Sorab, Manaksha, P
Soncial
Sesson, F C
Smith, B, Miss
Schhari, S
Sydney, G, Mrs
Stewart, A
Skippon, S W
Senfizer, H
Schmed, C
Scott, G N
Thomson, P
Takor, Sergarion
Teunole, C L
Tharanton, E
Thoophall, M D
Terkottabe, T
Venegland, E
Ware, H, Miss
Wright, C A B
Walter, Mrs
Williamson, Mrs
White, E
Wild, Mrs
Wilkinson, C B
Walker, P C
Watkins, J
Walters, Miss
Williamson, A, Mrs
Zirgler, L
Zenker manug Mola

DIVINE SERVICE.

SAINT THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

FRIDAY, JUNE 10.

Vigil of Saint Barnabas, Apostle and Martyr.

6 p.m.—Choral Evensong.—Hymns 431 and 431.

SATURDAY, JUNE 11.

Festival of Saint Barnabas.

7-15 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral).—Hymns 112, 315 and 161.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, JUNE 8.

10 p.m. .. .. 80·4

THURSDAY, JUNE 9.

6 a.m. .. .. 79·3
10 a.m. .. .. 90·0
2 p.m. .. .. 82·2
4 p.m. .. .. 83·3

THE Hon'ble Mr. Justice L. H. Bayley has been appointed to act as Chief Justice of her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, during the absence on leave of the Hon'ble Sir Charles Sargent.

CAPTAIN F. G. LOWRY, 2nd Beluch Battalion, has been appointed Cantonment Magistrate of Hyderabad in addition to his military duties. Captain Lowry has also been appointed Magistrate of the First Class in the Hyderabad District.

MR. C. F. G. LESTER, District Superintendent of Police, Broach, has been allowed leave, on medical certificate, for one year.

THE latest resource discovered by the Russian Ministry of Finance for increasing the revenue is the imposition of a tax on manufactured sweets and bon-bons of all descriptions. There is a good deal of popular opposition to the new impost, which has not yet, however, been submitted to the State Council. The Russian *bourgeoisie* are quite as great consumers of bon-bons as are the French.

TALKING of Dukes, I am told a story of an English Duke who was in Warsaw some weeks ago, and who endeavoured to get the best suite of rooms in one of the principal hotels there kept by an Englishman. This good fellow had let his best apartments to an American, whom he declined to turn out for the more distinguished visitor; but the latter made himself very offensive, and after some words had passed he said, "If you do not let me have the suite, I shall telegraph to the Grand Duke." Then the host replied, "You may telegraph to the Grand Duke, or you may telegraph to the Emperor, or you may telegraph to the—but those rooms are let, and you won't have them." And he did not.

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN J. MONTEITH, Indian Staff Corps, has been permitted to return to duty.

MAJOR W. B. FERRIS, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted an extension of five months' leave.

MAJOR A. SMITH, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted eighty days' leave, on private affairs.

SECOND-LIEUT. W. A. FISHER, Probationer, Indian Staff Corps, has been granted six months' leave.

CAPT. W. O. M. MOSSE, Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 20th Bombay Infantry, has been granted leave for one year.

THE L Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, on arrival from England next trooping season, will be quartered at Kirkee.

COLONEL R ALEXANDER, Royal Artillery, is appointed Colonel on the Staff, Commanding Royal Artillery, Oudh Circle.

LIEUT. H. F. WALTERS, Staff Corps, Wing Officer, 24th Baluchistan Regiment, has been granted leave for one year.

THE War Office are now admitting recruiting rewards to civilians at the same rates as those granted to militarry recruiters.

A REVISED edition of the Regulations for the appointment of Inspectors of Ordnance Machinery has been approved for issue.

A NEW pattern sword for mountain Artillery has been approved for issue, and will be known as "Mountain Battery Pattern, 1892."

MAJOR H. C. SIMPSON, R.A., has been transferred from No. 18 Company, Southern Division, Rangoon, to 22, Southern Division, at Campbelpore.

REVISED REGULATIONS for Musketry Instruction with the Lee-Metford Magazine rifle, and revised rifle exercises for the same arm, have been approved for issue.

CAPTAIN F. G. GRIFFIN, 1st Battalion, and H. B. Walker, 2nd Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, have been allowed to exchange battalions at their own expense.

SURGEON LIEUT.-COL. JAMES DAVIDSON, M. B., Indian Medical Service, has been promoted to be Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Colonel, *vice* Brigade-Surgeon Lieut.-Col. I. B. Lyon, C.I.E., retired.

NEW rules have been published for the submission of voyage accounts by British Corps arriving from England, and for the disposal of voyage surplus money on landing at Bombay or Karachi.

CAPTAIN J H PARSONS, 7th Bengal Cavalry, and Lieutenant G W T Prowse, Cornwall Light Infantry, have been detailed for temporary duty in the Intelligence Branch, Army Head-Quarters.

CAPTAIN G H H Conchman, Somersetshire Light Infantry, officiates as Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General, Intelligence Branch, in Burma, during the absence on leave of Captain Burrowes.

THE Government of India have sanctioned the publication of a Field Service Departmental Code, Military Accounts, in substitution of the existing Field Service Manual, Part VIII., Accounts.

LIEUTENANT G. F. R. FORBES, Royal Irish Regiment, has resigned his probationary appointment in the Indian Staff Corps, and been posted temporarily to the 2nd Battalion, pending receipt of orders from the Horse Guards.

THE 2nd Battalion Lincolnshire Regiment, at Chaubuttra, with a wing at Shahjehanpore, arrived in India from Gibraltar on the 28th January, 1892. It will, therefore, have nearly eleven years' service in India when moved next trooping season further eastward to Singapore.

THE following postings are ordered:—To 1st Battalions—Captain T G Whistler, Hampshire Regiment: Lieutenant N A Thompson, Seaforth Highlanders: Lieutenant F R Dugan, Leinster Regiment. To 2nd Battalions—Major H de C Rawlins, Scottish Rifles; Captain H L James, Lieutenants A O Lash and J E S Maclure, Manchester Regiment.

THE Military Accounts Department has put a stop to the practice of Bombay Officers while on privilege leave out of India having their pay and allowances drawn regimentally and remitted to them. Henceforth they must pay Rs. 5 for a power of attorney and get an Agent to draw their pay from the Presidency Paymaster, and remit to them.

CAPTAIN E. M. DAWSON, 1st Madras Lancers, has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Adjutant General, Secunderabad District, *vice* Colonel G. Simpson, appointed Commandant, 7th Madras Infantry, *vice* Colonel Shaw, vacated. Colonel Simpson will continue to officiate as Deputy Adjutant-General, Madras Army Head-Quarters, until further orders.

THE Government of India have redistributed the Companies of Garrison Artillery in India, allotting 7 to the Bombay Presidency, 3 to Aden, 3 to Bombay, and 1 to Karachi. Three Companies to the Madras Presidency, 2 to Rangoon, and 1 to Fort St. George. Thirteen Companies to Bengal, 3 to Rarki, 2 to Quetta and Rawal Pindi, 1 to Delhi, Agra, Allahabad, Fort William, and Barrackpore, 1 between Ferozepore and Amritsar, and a detachment at Attock.

THE time is not yet ripe for the conversion of the battery into a native mountain one, but this will doubtless follow as we extend our influence and grasp on the Somali Coast. The garrison artillery at Aden has been increased by ano her company, and each battery by 25 gunners. As a consequence, we hear that the Government of India has sanctioned the appointment of a regimental sergeant-major of garrison artillery for the artillery command at that station.

CAPTAINS N. B. HEPPENSTALL, H. S. Le M. Guille, F.T Fisher, W. L. Farmar and Lieutenant J. H. Mansell, of the Royal Artillery, obtained "Honours in the subjects of the Manufacturing departments," heat, steam and mechanism, at the final examination of the 13th senior class. The latter officer passed without going through the course. Captain F A Randolph obtained honours in electricity, heat, steam and mechanism, and Captain C E Rolt took honours in the manufacturing departments.

WHEN the wives and children of warrant officers and non-commissioned officers of the Indian Forces accompany them home, they will, if accommodation exists, be admitted into a hospital for soldiers' wives and children, or be otherwise provided with medical attendance and medicines, on the same conditions as those laid down for the warrant and non-commissioned officers. This is a much-needed reform, as wives and children of the Indian Army, who have accompanied their husbands or fathers home, have not always met with that attention or kindness they were entitled to, simply because no one had thought to provide for their medical attendance in sickness.

THE Bombay Military authorities find it difficult to carry out their schemes for the reorganisation of the Native Army. The original intention was when the old 24th Regiment was mustered out to form the new regiment of Beluchis, and that the new corps should be designated the 14th (Beluchistan) Regiment of Bombay Infantry. Sufficient recruits from Beluchistan could not be obtained, so their places were filled by Afghan recruits, whether with or without authority from the Government of India is not known. But, be this as it may, the Commander-in-Chief of the Bombay Army now seeks to change the present title of this misnamed regiment to the "1st Afghan Regiment." Will Bengal stand this?

THE convers

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THIS preparation has been prescribed with great success in cases of Weakness, Scurvy, Scrofula, Rheumatic Affections, Sore-eyes and all other diseases arising from impurities of the blood. Price: Re. 1-8 per phial, packing, As. 4; Dozen, Rs. 15.

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It is a valuable remedy in Rheumatism, Lumbago Sciatica, Rheumatic Gout, &c., of any standing. Price Re. 1 per phial; packing, As. 2; Dozen, Rs. 10.

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DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are specific for all Bilious Affections.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS cure Melancholy, sick Headaches and Costiveness.

DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS are a [illegible] remedy for Erysipelas, Diseases of the [illegible] should be wholly cured if they [illegible] for two months, while it is guaranteed to cure magically, radically and permanently without any relapse whatever. 3 phials for an acute and 4 phials for all sorts of chronic cases of whatever year's standing will be sufficient.

The names of diseases it cures at once—

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Acidity, Costiveness, Headache, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, Diarrhœa, Complete Loss of Manhood, Nervous Debility, Prostration caused by extreme overstrain and labour, all sorts of Mercurial Erruptions Billious Disorders, Obstructions or Irregularity of the system and any other diseases owing from the Bad Blood.

Price Rs. 4 for 15 days' use, 2 phials Rs. 8 and 3 phials Rs. 12, and the postage charges As. 12, Rs. 1-8, Rs. 2-4 respectively. Dozen Rs. 40 to all Agents and Medicine dealers throughout the World.

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UNRIVALLED HAIR DYE,

WARRANTED not to stain the Skin. Prepared in two separate bottles. The effect will be instantaneous. Hair will retain its gloss for a long time. It has already been tested by many persons with great success. For changing Red or Grey Hair to beautiful shades of Black or Brown according to instructions given, this quantity will last 8 months applying every 10 or 12 days. Price Rs. 3 for the two Bottles; or for doz. set Rs. 30, packing extra.

CLARKE'S MIXTURE

FOR KILLING WHITE ANTS, &c.

This mixture is one-third the price of Carbolic Acid. It will totally eradicate White Ants, and if applied to furniture once a month will prevent depredations on any kind of wood work or paper. No kind of insect will approach it. It has been tested at the Surveyor-General's office with success. Price Rs. 1 per gallon; or Re. 1-4 per Bottle, packing extra.

SEVERAL UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

S. N. GHOSH, CHEMIST,
SOLE AGENT,
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THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

THURSDAY EVENING, JUNE 9.

MORE or less rain has fallen at the Presidency during the past week, and the full force of the S. W. Monsoon will probably soon be felt. There has also been rain in the districts, and the weather forecast is favourable on the whole. Cotton was in active demand for export towards the end of last week at a further advance in rates; but enquiry has since subsided, and only small or moderate purchases have been made by shippers and the Mills, though the tone of the market has remained steady. Neither Wheat nor Seeds have attracted much attention from exporters, and business in both markets has been upon a small or moderate scale. Exchange, under the influence of advices relating to Silver, has advanced materially, our closing rates this evening being 5-16d. above those ruling last Thursday, but with an unsettled feeling. Government Paper has declined ¾ in Fours, in which 4½ per cent. stock has now become merged by conversion. Freights are weak with little enquiry for space at the lower quotations ruling. There has been less doing in Imports than during the previous week; but prices generally are unchanged.

MONEY.—The Statement of Affairs of the Bank of Bombay issued on Monday afternoon showed the heavy falling off of nearly 79 lakhs in the Cash Balance, which had thus diminished to 114 lakhs since the date of the previous return. This large reduction, however, was brought about by special causes rather than by an expansion of the ordinary trade demand, and was due in a great measure to Government withdrawals from the Bank's head and branch offices, aggregating nearly 35 lakhs. At the same time there had been private withdrawals to the extent of 26½ lakhs; and Loans had increased by some 17 lakhs; though, on the other hand, there had been a sensible decrease in Bills Discounted, pointing to less activity in one branch of trade. The state of things disclosed by the Return, and, it may be presumed, the prospect of further movement in the same direction, in the near future caused the Bank to advance its rates by one per cent. on Monday, making the minimum again stand at 4 per cent. per annum; and no further change was made at the Board meeting this afternoon.

Telegrams from London through Reuter, of yesterday's and to-day's dates, announce the suspension of payments by the New Oriental Bank Corporation, with liabilities stated to amount to five and a half million sterling. The Bombay Branch has accordingly stopped payment to-day.

EXCHANGE.—On last mail-day the market opened at 1s. 3 15-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, and remained thereat throughout the day, a moderate business having been reported. In three months' sight Credits, a few Bills were placed at 1s. 3 19-32d., and the market closed quiet and steady. The market opened firmer on Saturday, at 1s. 3 15-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3⅜d. for Demand which, however, speedily became 1s. 3⅜d. for both media of remittance, but at which we heard of very little being done, though this rate was obtainable for delivery any time up to the end of the year. For Credits, the rate opened at 1s. 3⅜d. for three months' sight Bills, and remained firm thereat, a moderate business having been reported at the rate; and the market closed quiet, but steady. On Monday, the market opened firmer again, at 1s. 3 17-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, at which, however, there was no enquiry, and, later on in the day, 1s. 3 9-16d. was obtainable in each direction without, however, attracting buyers. For three months' sight Credits, 1s. 3⅜d. was obtainable, and was done to a small extent, but could not be repeated, and 1s. 3 21-32d. then became the rate; and at the close there was only one buyer thereat, the market leaving off steady. [illegible] feeling was again apparent [illegible] Tuesday, at 1s. 3 9-16d. [illegible] which, however [illegible] Greaves, and Wadia. In Press shares, Volkart's have advanced Rs. 15; New Indian, Rs. 6¼; and English, New Berars, and Prince of Wales, Rs. 5 each. In Miscellaneous shares, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 75 higher in the first issue, and Rs. 10 in the others; Bombay Flour Mill shares are Rs. 20 higher. In Banks, Bank of Bengal have advanced Rs. 20; and National Rs. 2 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—Wholesale demand for staple *Grey Goods* has been very irregular in the Bazaars, and retail enquiry having much decreased with the commencement of the S.-W. Monsoon, a good deal less has been done in the aggregate than during the preceding week; but prices have shown no quotable change, and stocks are abundant. Only a small business has been done in *Bleached* Goods; but rates show no change worth mentioning. *Dyed Turkey Red*, and *Printed* are also quite unaltered in position and price. There is a very poor up-country demand for *Local* Goods at barely current rates. The total Clearances of *Imported* Goods from the Bazaar for the week are about 3,000 packages; and of *Local* Goods about 1,000 bales.

YARNS.—A moderate business has been done in *Imported* yarns in a steady market, and with prices quite unchanged. In consequence of the rise on Cotton, China buyers of *Local Spinnings* and speculators also have operated very freely during the week, and about 12,000 bales have changed hands at an advance in price of about ½ to 3-16 anna per lb. Spinners, meantime, are very firm, and look for still higher rates. There is a moderate enquiry at Hongkong, and stocks there show a marked falling off. The market closes active and advancing; mills not offering to sell even at increased prices; the following being the present official quotations:—

Twist...	... No. 6s Mule,	As.	4	to	4½	per lb.
„ ...	... „ 8s „	„	4¼	„	4⅜	„
„ ...	... „ 10s „	„	4¼	„	4⅜	„
„ ...	... „ 12s „	„	4¼	„	4¼	„
„ ...	... „ 16s „	„	5½	„	5⅝	„
„ ...	... „ 20s „	„	5⅝	„	6	„
„ ...	... „ 24s „	„	6¼	„	6¼	„
„ ...	... „ 30s „	„	6¼	„	7	„
„ ...	... „ 40s „	„	8	„	8½	„

METALS.—Only a small business has been passing in *Copper* and *Yellow Metal* during the week; but prices are unchanged, and the tone of both markets is steady. *Iron* has been taken to a moderate extent in a steady market. Swedish Bars are Re. 1 higher; but other descriptions have declined 4 annas.

COAL is steady. Sales have been made during the week of ready Powell's Duffryn, at Rs. 15½; and for June-July, and July-August from Rs. 15½ to Rs. 15½ per ton. About 1,000 tons of Wilson's South Yorkshire, ex Volturno (s), found buyers at Rs. 14⅞; and some ready Beyts Merthyr, at Rs. 14½ per ton.

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—There was an active enquiry for this staple, more particularly from shippers, where purchases aggregated 6,500 bales, on last mail-day, and prices advanced Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per candy, all round, in a strong market; but, on Saturday, the demand fell off, and only a small business was done, though the feeling was steady, and prices were unchanged. On the market re-opening, on Monday, the tone was firm, and prices advanced Rs. 2 per candy; but only a moderate business was done, of which twice as much was for export as for local consumption; and thereafter transactions were only upon a small scale, though the tone of the market remained steady, and, yesterday, Dharwars and Westerns were quoted Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy higher. Exporters have taken altogether about 11,000 bales during the week, consisting of Dholleras, Bhownugger, Oomra descriptions, Bengals, Compta, Dharwar, and Westerns; while the Mills have [illegible] more than half that quantity having been confined [illegible] Oomra descr[illegible]

[illegible] with reduced to 316,500

[illegible] following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, *viz.* :—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C. & F.
Bengal Fine	Rs.	174–3½d.
Do. Fully Good	„	161–3 5-16d.
Do. Good	„	157–3 3-16d.
Khandeish Fully Good	„	175–3 17-32d.
Do. Good	„	170–3 7-16d.
Dhollera Fine	„	186–3 31d.
Do. Fully Good	„	178–3 19-32d.
Do. Good	„	1?3–3½d.
Belatee Fine	„	189–3¾d.
Do. Fully Good	„	174–3½d.
Oomra Fully Good	„	184–3 23-32d.
Do. Good	„	179–3 19-32 d.
S. G. Dharwar Good	„	190–3 13-16d.
Westerns Good	„	189–3½d.

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1891-92.	Season 1890-91.
	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	317,500	369,000
Berar	317,500	388,500
Barsi and Nugger	128,000	120,000
Bengals	130,700	302,500
Hingunghat	2,300	22,000
Persian and Sind	23,000	31,500
Broach	206,500	177,500
Dhollera	283,500	318,000
Compta and Dharwar	26,500	43,000
Madras and Westerns	3,000	3,000
Total	1,438,500	1,755,000

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1892.	1891.	1890.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For the week	9,503	62,725	55,882
From 1st Jan. to 8th June	1,339,223	1,660,792	1,738,417
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the week	42,206	21,146	19,374
From 1st Jan. to 8th June	737,095	874,840	1,207,763
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the week	6,713	5,676	2,050
From 1st Jan. to 8th June	110,432	65,036	43,899

WHEAT was very quiet in tone, with only a small business passing, until the day before yesterday, when the demand from exporters improved somewhat, and prices advanced an anna per cwt., all round; transactions, however, were upon only a moderate scale, and have since continued so, though the feeling has been steady at the advance.

SEEDS have been quiet, and, on most days, little has been done for export. *Linseed* has fluctuated in price somewhat, but other descriptions are unchanged in value. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs. 6-14-0 to Rs. 7-0-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	„ 7-4-0
„ „ Cawnpore	„ 6-14-0 to Rs. 6-15-0 „
„ Red „	„ 6-3-0 to „ 6-4-0 „
Gingelly, White	„ 42-8-0 to „ 43-0-0 per candy.
„ Mixed	„ 41-8-0 „

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the week	431,533	746,201	215,429
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	6,860,097	8,229,362	3,715,080
Linseed for the week	89,448	124,455	95,030
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	3,055,505	3,621,464	1,796,161
Rapeseed for the week	73,811	23,625	35,029
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	978,680	1,022,120	835,564
Gingellyseed for the week	5,628	4,561	9,343
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	835,763	946,250	666,889

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1892.	1891.	1890.
	cwts.	cwts.	cwts.
Wheat for the Week	307,823	689,614	216,499
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	6,182,748	6,237,302	2,509,202
Linseed for the week	192,168	93,420	118,612
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	2,610,231	2,716,831	1,257,780
Rapeseed for the week	51,890	38,375	256
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	709,833	817,873	572,355
Gingellyseed for the week	15,456	57,451	18,336
do. from 1st Jan. to 8th June	888,844	964,338	753,984

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

PINFIELD—At Bamgaon, the wife of F Pinfield, of a daughter.
SELVEY—June 5, at Coimbatore, the wife of H Selvey, Madras Survey, of a daughter.
SIMON—May 25, at Akyab, the wife of Jas. Simon, Head Master, Government Normal School, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

ORCHARD—CHISHOLM—April 29, at Myingan, Upper Burma, Douglas George, son of Major-General M Orchard, B S C, and grandson of the late Major-General Joseph Orchard, C B, to Maud, youngest daughter of A Chisholm, Esq.

DEATH.

GOSS—May 8, at Khanpur (Seinde), of cholera, Frederick Cecil Goss, youngest son of the late James Goss, Superintendent of Post Offices, Cawnpore, aged 27 years, 4 months and 22 days.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, JUNE 10, 1892.

YESTERDAY, to the regret, but not altogether to the surprise of business men in Bombay the New Oriental Bank Corporation suspended payment and closed its doors. The liabilities are stated to amount to seven millions and a quarter sterling, while the nominal assets are eight millions and a quarter. The liabilities would doubtless have been far larger, but for the efforts made during the last eighteen months to reduce the amount. In March, 1891, the deposits aggregated six millions and a half sterling. A sum of £175,000 was at that time taken from the reserve to meet admitted losses which subsequent events showed to have been considerably underestimated. It soon came to be understood that the Corporation had suffered by the unfavourable conditions of the Eastern trade, owing primarily to the depreciation of silver, and many depositors withdrew their accounts. In Bombay some three months ago there was something like a run on the Bank, especially on the part of Parsee depositors. They were paid in full, a high discount being demanded for premature withdrawal. This in some measure restored confidence, but the position was insecure, and the other Banks and large business houses have been on their guard for six or eight months past. On Wednesday information was received in Bombay by the Exchange Banks that the suspension of the Corporation was imminent, and measures were at once taken to meet a possible eventuality. Yesterday morning thirty-five lakhs were transferred from London to the Bombay Banks by telegraph; seventeen lakhs to Calcutta, and seven to Madras; in all nearly sixty lakhs, quite sufficient to enable the Banks to confront any run should it arise. As an additional element of confidence the Bank of Bombay at once communicated to the Exchange Banks that any assistance required would be freely given. The reserves of the Bank of Bombay at the present moment amount to a crore and a half; to which another crore or more if necessary could be added at any moment by the deposit with Government of [illegible]ernment Paper to that amount. The [illegible]ountant-General is prepared to advance [illegible] Bank of Bombay whatever sum may be [illegible]uired from the Government balances on [illegible]iving a voucher stating that the required [illegible]ount of Government Paper has been de[illegible]ited in a safe of which the key is sent to [illegible]. As a matter of fact the suspension of [illegible] Oriental Corporation has caused no panic [illegible]whatever. Apart from the completeness of the preparations we have just indicated, which soon became known, the partial run on the Bombay branch of that Bank some three months ago, and the holding aloof of business houses for a longer period from dealing in Oriental Bills, reduced the actual losses to very little. Still there have been some losses as is inevitable in such cases. But there was no shock to credit. It was well understood that the operations of the concern in India were by no means large. Of the twenty-two "foreign branches" only four were in this country, at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, and Mahe, respectively. The Mauritius, Ceylon, the Australian Colonies, and China were the fields chiefly covered by the Bank's operations. And it is undoubtedly to losses experienced in Australia and in the Mauritius—where the recent cyclone in ruining the Island appears to have applied the breaking strain—that the collapse is due. In the result, so far as can be as yet ascertained, only trifling losses have been experienced by Bombay from the suspension of payment.

The last annual report of the Board of Directors was issued on the 2nd of last July, giving the balance-sheet made up to the end of March. The attention of the shareholders was drawn to the continued growth of the business in the United Kingdom and abroad. The earnings of the year, after the deduction of income-tax and exchange on foreign assets, amounted to £398,101 16*s.* 6*d.* The working expenses amounted to £90,000, and interest paid to the Bank's customers to £255,000. An interim dividend at the rate of six per cent. per annum free of income-tax was declared. The debenture debt had been reduced by £72,000, and the directors announced their intention to pay off the balance as the bonds fell due. This was the satisfactory part of the report. Then came a somewhat ominous paragraph speaking of the past financial year as a remarkable one, the stoppage of credit in the Baring crisis having caused many failures even in the remotest part of the world. The Corporation joined the Bank of England in the Baring guarantee to the extent of £100,000. That sum is entered in the balance-sheet as part of the liabilities of the Bank, and it of course forms part of the estimated liabilities of seven millions and a quarter sterling. After this disquieting prelude came more precise indications of the evil experiences of the year. The liquidation of the Gatling Gun Company caused a loss to the Bank of £12,000, which had been written off. Still more unfortunately the Bank's late manager at Melbourne, who was then confined in an asylum, had while in the incipient stage of insanity made advances to the amount of £80,000 on insufficient security. A new manager was sent out, and it was hoped that some part of that large sum might be recovered. This was not all; a general collapse amongst the native bankers, at Singapore, occasioned a further loss of £70,000. As we have said £165,000 was set aside to meet these losses, which, however, proved larger than was at first estimated. A table was annexed to the report showing that the banking assets of the New Corporation had steadily increased from its commencement on the 30th September, 1884, when they were £102,000, to March, 1891, when they amounted to nearly eleven millions sterling. This vast total included drafts, acceptances, and endorsements amounting to £3,073,000; fixed deposits £4,857,764, current and other accounts £1,641,717. The paid-up capital in gold was half a-million sterling; with a silver capital for the East amounting to £1,78,953. Forty-one thousand pounds of debentures bearing interest at 3½ per cent. were out, and debentures for nearly a quarter of a million were secured on the Bank's premises. These latter appear among the assets as representing the large sum of £464,000—equal to nearly two-thirds of the Bank's capital.

According to the telegraphed statement the immediate cause of the Bank's stoppage was the withdrawal during the past year of a million sterling of fixed deposits. The fixed deposits said to be still remaining unpaid amount to £400,000. As we have just seen the amount of fixed deposits given in last year's balance-sheet was £1,857,764 which, with the current and other deposits came to little short of seven millions sterling. However this may be, it is clear enough that a large proportion of the depositors withdrew their money. The knowledge that the Bank had suffered heavily by the hurricane which has destroyed a great part of the crops of the sugar plantations in the Mauritius, no doubt accelerated the process and hastened the end. The creditors, it is said, can be paid in full if the Bank goes into liquidation, but that efforts to reconstruct the Bank will probably be made. It is to be hoped that those efforts will prove successful. The Bank has immense connections throughout the whole East, which ought to be worth preserving and consolidating. To say nothing of India the Bank has branches in Ceylon, Seychelles, the Mauritius, Singapore, Manillas; at all the great Chinese and Japanese ports, at Vladivostock, at Melbourne, and in Sydney; at Tamatave and Antananarivo in Zanzibar, at Aden; in Paris, and New York, and San Francisco; girdling the world with its establishments. All these, it may be hoped, will not be left to perish. The Bank of England, it is true, refused the application for assistance made by the directors on the ground that there were no guarantees. This refusal must have been indeed a foregone conclusion, for if the Bank had "guarantees" of the kind meant, the required assistance would have been given in the usual way by the Union Bank which financed for the Oriental. But it is quite possible that the Oriental, though denuded of available securities, is in the possession of assets exceeding the amount of its liabilities. According to Reuter the assets exceed the liabilities by a million sterling. If this be so, and that time alone be required for their realisation, there ought to be no insuperable difficulty in reconstituting the Bank.

WHILE the British military authorities were busy drawing up their new Infantry Drill Book, the Russians, it appears, were similarly engaged, and the results of the deliberations of the latter were no sooner formulated than they were known in Germany and freely commented upon there. An enterprising military writer brought out a book dealing with the new regulations, and the attack formation is therein the subject of special interest. Our own new drill book lays down that troops allotted for the attack will, when of sufficient strength, be divided into first, second, and third lines—firing line, supports, and reserves—formations which admit of the most efficacious fire, offer the smallest target to the enemy's fire, and allow of the use of such cover as may be consistent with a direct advance. But General Kouropatkine, one of Skobeleff's staff, and now Governor-General of Transcaspia, in a recent lecture on the War of 1880-81, showed himself a strong adherent to the bayonet, asserting that notwithstanding the perfecting of modern tactics and arms it will have as formerly a decisive importance on the battle-field. That General Kouropatkine is not alone in this view seems very clear, for in this only is the explanation of the Russian attack formation to be found. Skirmishers are thrown out, then the main body, and finally a reserve almost as strong as the fighting line. The advance is made at the march with as little firing as possible. At a distance of something more than 600 yards, a halt is to be called, the skirmishing line re-inforced, and the attack prepared by fire. From this point by a succession of rushes of a hundred paces each the advance is made. When within two hundred yards a general fire is opened, and maintained to within thirty-eight yards, when at the word "Hurrah" the men group themselves about their squad and section officers, and dash forward with hurrahs to the bayonet assault. Of course this is more easily accomplished on the parade-ground than on the battle-field, and the enemy would either have made dreadfully bad shots or else have run out of ammunition to allow this to be done. Considering the main idea is to advance as solidly as possible there would be but few left after they had arrived at within thirty-eight paces. We must train the men to advance solidly in small bodies to the attack, and we must teach them a vigorous use of the bayonet itself, says General Kouropatkine, the front being as compact as possible. Shocks, bayonet charges, and night attacks, seem to constitute the hope of the Russian General, who prefers to rely upon the strength of numbers and to wish to keep the soldier as hitherto a military machine. Our own object is now to have each soldier act as an intelligent human being, whose aim shall be to further the design of his commander. With our handful of men we have not one to spare, and could not afford, even if we approved of the Russian idea, to sacrifice as many men as it would entail. Every individual with us is valuable, and each man is to be made the very most of. Russia is content that her men should remain targets, and has small regard for the individual. Her instructors in drawing up their book, seem to have taken little account of the magazine rifle and machine guns. If Russia is right in this we have been unduly precipitate in shortening our bayonet; our only remedy, like that prescribed for the Spartan youth's sword, will be to add a step to it, in case the necessity arises.

THE Health Officer's Report for the first quarter of the present year—that in which the Tansa water was brought into the city—was published yesterday. While recording that the water is excellent in quality, containing less organic impurity than Vehar and Tulsi, Dr. Weir sounds a note of warning. More than half of the City has no drains, and if a large quantity of water be discharged on the ground the sub-soil must become water-logged. He looks with apprehension to the future unless drains be forthwith constructed at Parel, Sewri, and Mahim, in the north of the Island, to carry the water away. The construction of drains the Health Officer considers to be more urgently required than the continued construction of house connections, which are constantly choked by the prevalent habit of throwing earth, ashes, and straw into them, the sewers in their turn silting up and becoming choked. The householders are answerable before a magistrate for contravening the law and creating nuisances, but the process is slow, and meanwhile the nuisances endanger the health of the neighbourhood. The mortality during the quarter was unusually heavy, as was anticipated owing to the insanitary conditions caused by the deficient rainfall and consequent scarcity last year. There is a distinct relation, the report states, between the rise and fall of food-prices and the fluctuations of mortality. Seven thousand one hundred and ninety-four deaths took place—exceeding by eleven hundred and seventy the number of deaths in the previous quarter, the ratio rising to 35·01 per thousand of the population. The predicted epidemic of small-pox resulted in 321 deaths. The mortality from measles, which was also epidemic, was heavier, 351 deaths being registered. Influenza was prevalent, and there were 1,344 deaths from disease of the respiratory system. On the other hand cholera showed a diminution, the cases being limited to ten, and the deaths to four. Fever was more deadly than all the rest, carrying off 2,235 victims. The abnormal seasonal conditions are held answerable for the chief excess in mortality, insanitary conditions of locality, overcrowding and want—the two latter affecting the low castes and outcastes—following next in order. The locality which suffered most was Kamatipura, where the overcrowding amongst the outcastes is excessive. The infant mortality during the quarter was extraordinarily high, 3,220 children under four years of age dying, exceeding the mortality of the previous quarter by 798, and the first quarter of 1891, by 842. It is satisfactory to find that the deficient rainfall, the apprehension of which caused such well-founded anxiety twelve months ago, is not likely to recur in the present year, all appearances justifying so far the prediction of Mr. Elliot, the Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India, that there will be—barring the unforeseen—not only an early but a good monsoon.

A FUND has been started in Calcutta in aid of the sufferers by the cyclone which recently devastated Mauritius, and an announcement in our news columns shows that a good start has been made. The Viceroy, the Governor of Bombay, and the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces head the list. If any reason be needed for appealing to the public in India on an occasion of this kind, it is furnished in the statement that over two-thirds of the population of Mauritius are natives of India. We shall be glad to receive subscriptions, which will be acknowledged in our columns, and forwarded through Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.

AN interesting and important discussion took place at the Bombay Municipal Corporation yesterday on a motion of Mr. G. W. Roughton, who asked the Municipal Commissioner to supply the Corporation with a statement showing the number of times and the number of days the Queen's Road had been up for the laying of pipes or alteration of sewers or general repairs since the 1st November last. The mover of the motion declared that since the 1st November last the Queen's Road, between Chowpatty and Church Gate Station, had not been a single day in a complete condition, and during the whole of that time the road had been obstructed and a danger to traffic. Dr. Mody and Dr. Setna supported the motion, and gave similar instances of other roads that had been rendered almost impassable for months. The Commissioner promised to supply the return and remarked that he believed that when the Corporation had the whole of the facts before them they would not altogether blame the Drainage Department as they had experienced great difficulties with the roads. The discussion will be reported in our next issue.

MR. P. MEHTA, yesterday, addressed the Bombay Municipal Corporation at some length on the question of the Police Charges. A letter had been received from Government inviting attention to the correspondence on the question, and informing the Corporation that the proportion of the annual expenditure of the police, which the Municipality was called upon to defray in the current year, would be increased and asking for an enquiry as to the financial results of the Municipality building lines and residences for the police. After an exhaustive speech, Mr. Mehta moved that Government be informed that the Corporation was not responsible for the delay that had taken place in settling the question, that with regard to the portion of cost of the police to be paid by the Corporation, they trust that irrespective of their intended appeal to the Secretary of State for India, the sum which they had been paying for so many years would not be enhanced, and that, so far as the Corporation was able to judge from H. E. the Governor's letter, it admitted that, with regard to the discrepancy pointed out by the deputation to Government that the Government calculation was in error about half a lakh, and that the Corporation were of opinion that no useful purpose could be served by going into an enquiry as suggested about building residences for the police. The motion was unanimously adopted.

SOME time ago the Bombay Municipal Corporation decided, by a large majority, and after a lengthy discussion that it would be advisable to request Government to amend the Bombay Municipal Act in such a manner as to allow the Corporation to place surplus moneys on deposit, investment, or otherwise as it might seem advisable to the Corporation, instead of being compelled, as at present, to place their funds in the Bank of Bombay. This action was taken in consequence of the Bank of Bombay refusing in future to allow interest on the Corporation moneys. The resolution was forwarded by Government to the Accountant-General who condemned it to some extent. The letter was replied to by the Municipal Commissioner and the Corporation now desired the Act to be altered to give it the necessary freedom in dealing with the fund. Some slight objection was made by Dr. Mody to the motion on the ground that the power might be abused and the funds invested with unsafe exchange Banks. Mr. Mehta and Mr. Solomon, however, considered that the constitution of the Corporation was sufficient to rebut any such fear. A full report will appear in our issue of to-morrow.

THE following promotions have been made, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. E. L. Candy, Indian Civil Service, appointed to be Judge of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay:—Mr. S. Hammick, Indian Civil Service, to be First Grade Judge and Sessions Judge, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. E. T. Candy; Mr. T. Hart-Davies, Indian Civil Service, to be Second Grade Judge and Sessions Judge, *vice* Mr. Hammick; Mr. C. H. Jopp, Indian Civil Service, to be Joint Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, *vice* Mr. Hart-Davies, continuing to act as Registrar of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay.

THE following appointments have been made, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. E. T. Candy:—Mr. W. H. Crowe, Indian Civil Service, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona and Agent for the Sardars in the Deccan, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. E. T. Candy; Mr. M. H. Scott, Indian Civil Service, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Satara, *vice* Mr. Crowe; Mr. S. Hammick, Indian Civil Service, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, *vice* Mr. Scott; Mr. T. Hart-Davies, Indian Civil Service, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Surat, *vice* Mr. Hammick continuing to act at Karachi till relieved by Mr. E. Hosking, Indian Civil Service, or until further orders.

MAJOR L. L. FENTON has been appointed to act as President of the Rajasthanik Court, Kathiawar, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Colonel G. E. Hancock.

MR. C. H. A. HILL, Indian Civil Service, has been appointed to be substantive *pro tem.* Under-Secretary to the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations, *vice* Mr. A. Batty, Indian Civil Service, appointed to be Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STOPPAGE OF THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

LONDON, JUNE 8.

It is officially announced that the New Oriental Bank Corporation has suspended payment. The causes assigned are the depreciation in Silver, withdrawal of capital in the East, and the bad condition of trade generally in China, Japan, and Australasia. Steps have been taken to protect the assets of the bank.

An application was made by the Bank to-day to the Bank of England for aid, which was refused owing to the absence of guarantees.

THE LIABILITIES OF THE BANK.

JUNE 9.

The liability of the New Oriental Bank amounts to five-and-a-half millions sterling.

LATER.

The nominal assets of the New Oriental Bank are £8,250,000 and the liabilities are roughly estimated at £7,250,000.

The immediate cause of the Bank's stoppage was due to the steady withdrawal during the past year of £1,000,000 of fixed deposits. The amount of fixed deposits still remaining unpaid is £4,000,000.

The Bank suffered heavily by the late disastrous hurricane in Mauritius.

RECONSTRUCTION CONTEMPLATED.

It is stated that in case the Bank went into liquidation the creditors would be paid in full, but efforts to reconstruct the concern will probably be made.

EMIN PACHA.

News of Emin Pacha's death has again been received at Zanzibar.

COUNTY CRICKET MATCH.

In the Cricket Match between Nottingham and Surrey the former won by seven wickets.

ARMY PROPOSALS BY LORD ROBERTS.

The *Times* publishes an exhaustive summary of the proposals made by Lord Roberts to the military authorities, and through them to Lord Wantage's Committee, in which his Lordship urges that the term of enlistment for the Infantry be three years with the Colours and nine years in the Reserve with the option of converting the Reserve service into service with the Colours. His Lordship speaks highly of service in India, which, he insists, greatly improves soldiers, and advises numerous reforms for making military life acceptable to the labouring classes. He suggests further that every officer and soldier should be indelibly tatooed.

NEW CHAIRMAN OF CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, JUNE 8.

Mr. McKinley has been elected Chairman of the Congress. The address delivered by him to-day was strongly in favour of protection.

THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Both Parties at the Minneapolis Convention are working vehemently to gain over the waverers. President Harrison so far has had the most success. Probably no ballot will be taken before Friday.

SILVER PURCHASES.

The Treasury to-day purchased 7,18,000 ounces of silver at 90·50 to 90·70.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

NEW YORK, JUNE 9.

The silver plank platform submitted to the Republican Convention demands the establishment and maintenance of the purity of metals, and the making each dollar, gold, silver, and paper equal to one another, and finally approves the summoning of a Monetary Conference.

PORTUGUESE FINANCE.

LISBON, JUNE 8.

The Portuguese Cabinet have rejected the proposals of the bondholders and the loan scheme. Meanwhile the Government pays only a third of the coupon.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

The death is announced of General Thomas Carey.

THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, JUNE 9.

SECOND DAY.

Rain fell heavier than in the first day; and hence the course was slow.

FIRST RACE.—The "Dharwar Plate." Distance, 7 furlongs.

Mr. Framjee Dorabjee's Hamdani 1
Captain Harrison's Volunteer 2

Time—1 min. and 52 secs.

SECOND RACE.—The "Sangli Purse." Distance, 3 furlongs.

Mr. Hay's Saraband 1
Mr. Harrison's Satara 2

Time—46 secs.

An objection was raised by the owner of the second horse.

THIRD RACE.—The "Kolhapur Cup." Distance, 1 mile.

Major Reid's Red Gold 1
Colonel Bowie's Sultan 2
Aga Junghee Shah's Governor 3

Time—2 min. and 8 secs.

FOURTH RACE.—The "Southern Mahratta Cup." Distance, ¾ mile.

Mr. Cooverji Ardaseer's Rangoon... } dead-heat.
Mr. Macpherson's Carlton .....
Mr. S. A. W.'s Velvet 2

Time—1 min. and 32 secs.

FIFTH RACE.—The "Mudhol Purse." Distance, 6 furlongs.

H. H. Aga Khan's Bismarck 1
Mr. Ramrow's Pet Captain 2
Mr. George's How's That 3

Time.—1 min. and 31 secs.

HEAVY RAINS AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, JUNE 9.

Yesterday afternoon 4·63 inches of rain fell between two and four o'clock. Five and a-half feet of water from the Bhingar Nala went through the Club, doing damages to the extent of Rs. 5,000. The total rainfall yesterday was 5·1 inches.

THE FAILURE OF THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 9.

Considerable excitement is manifested in commercial circles here to-day over the suspension of payment of the New Oriental Bank. The place was besieged throughout the day, principally by natives and brokers. The doors were guarded by a stong force of *durwans* and a few police.

An Armenian gentleman who heard of the smash, drove up to the Bank, and on learning the worst fell on the pavement in a dead faint.

A few natives got very clamorous, and said that a lady who got news that the Bank was in difficulties withdrew, only yesterday, the whole of her account, representing a large amount.

MADRAS, JUNE 9.

The Oriental Bank news has caused much less excitement here than might have been expected. The business of the local agency has declined so much during the recent months that the disaster will probably have no serious consequences on the local trade.

THE WEATHER AT CALCUTTA.

The weather here is very unsettled. A good deal of rain has fallen, and storm signals hoisted indicate the existence of the cyclone. Great intensity is apparent at the head of the Bay of Bengal, which will probably advance to Calcutta. Two Chandbally boats, just arrived, report of very heavy weather at the mouth of the Hooghly. The s. s. Dunera and Japan are overdue. Some anxiety is expressed of their safety, and every precaution is taken among the shipping on the river, for the cyclone if it reaches here should arrive about midnight.

INDIAN CURRENCY ASSOCIATION.

Measures are being taken to form a Madras branch of the Indian Currency Association.

HYDERABAD NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, JUNE 9.

The Nawab Viccar-ul-Umra has issued invitations for a breakfast to Mr. Irwin, on Saturday next.

Mr. Plowden returns to Hyderabad on the 14th instant.

The monsoon has set in here in earnest; over three inches of rain has fallen within two days. There is a high wind blowing, and it is quite cold.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, JUNE 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Chyebassa left here this morning.

SUEZ, JUNE 8.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Parramatta arrived here, from Colombo, this morning.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Rosetta arrived here, from Colombo, this morning.

The Anchor Line s. s. Arabia left Suez, for Bombay, on the 5th instant, and the same Company's steamer Roumania, homeward bound, arrived at Marseilles, on the 7th instant.

The Italian steamer Singapore, Captain G. Parodi, left Aden, for Bombay, on the 8th instant.

The s. s. Ibo left Zanzibar, for Bombay, on the 9th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JUNE 9.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Dhollera 3 7-16
The Manchester Market has been quiet.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight..... 1-3 9-16
2½ per cent. Consols ..... 96⅛ ex
3 per cent. Rentes 97½
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan ..... 107½ ex
4 per cent. Rupee Paper..... 70½
4½ per cent. „ 70½
Bar Silver 41⅛

THE POONA PENANCE AND ITS APOLOGISTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The letter of "A Hindu," which appears in your issue of yesterday, is calculated to mislead, and, therefore, pleass allow me to make a brief reply to it.

Much is made by the apologists of the late penance about European and other non-Hindu readers finding it "difficult to understand the real nature of our *prayaschitta* ceremonies." I do not see much force in this reasoning. The word *prayaschitta* means atonement for a sin or fault, and whether it is light or heavy its essence is the admission of sin or offence.

Now the contention of "A Hindu" is that in 1870 a man who ate fruit in a European gentleman's house had to go through a degrading *prayaschitta* ceremony, and had to part with all the hair of his face with a fine of Rs. 500 in the bargain, whereas Mr. Ranade and others have been left off with only Rs. 11 a head for the graver offence of drinking tea in a similar place, and, therefore, he argues that the cause of reform has secured a substantial gain during these twenty-two years. To me, however, the facts seem to point to a different conclusion. The offender of 1870 partook of fruit at a *private* residence, and yet he was hauled up and meted out the punishment mentioned above. But now hundreds of Brahmins are known to drink and eat forbidden articles in shops, refreshment rooms, clubs, and hotels, and yet nobody takes them to task for it. I ask if this is due to the advance of the cause of reform or decay of honesty and earnestness in the orthodox party. At this rate in twenty years more many more people will be similarly offending against their religion with impunity. But that would be the progress of corruption and not of reform. To advance the cause of reform men must stand by their principles, and if this had been done by the offender of 1870 the tea-drinkers of to-day would have been let alone, and if they in their turn had stood by their act they would have advanced a principle, whereas by their submission they have taken back the cause to where it was in 1870, and they would have been justified in taking the stand all the more justly in view of the general indulgence in forbidden articles of food and drink by men who do not dare to maintain that it is a sinless practice. In view of the prevalence of this widespread practice the conduct of the orthodox party of to-day, compared with that of 1870, shows that their desire to crush the reformers must be base on some other motive besides love of caste purity. Poona native society must be very queerly constituted to have been "disunited," and "a perfect chaos," because some of its members drank tea openly at a Mission House, while many of them do worse in secret, and I cannot hope with "A Hindu" that this "mock penance," as he calls it, will "reunite the community for social, political, and religious reasons." The penance, therefore, is a wild goose chase, which brings no good to any one, but will tend only to demoralise the community.—Yours, &c.,

Bombay, June 9. ANOTHER HINDU.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending June 7 was 481, giving a death-rate of 28·60 per annum per thousand as against 28·98 the corresponding period of last year, and 28·75, the average over the past five years. Of the total number 131 died from fevers; 14, small-pox; 75, pythisis; 17, measles; 3, cholera; 34 diseases of the nervous system; 72, affections of the respiratory organs; 20 diarrhœa; 11, dysentery; 29, stillborn; 39, old age and debility; 7, accidents and violence. The classified list of death shows:—Buddhist or Jain, 21; Brahmin, 18; Lingaet 1; Bhattia, 3; Hindu of other caste, 235; Hindu outcaste, 35; Musalman, 119; Parsee, 25; Jew, 1; Native Christian, 9; Eurasian, 2; European, 7; Negro-African, 2; other and unknown races, 3. The total number of births was 312 as against 279 the corresponding period of last year, and 302, the average over the past five years.

FAILURE OF THE ORIENTAL BANK.

EIGHT AND A QUARTER MILLIONS LIABILITY.

The New Oriental Bank suspended payment on Wednesday evening, and yesterday morning the following notice was posted on the door of the local branch office in Esplanade Road—:

"Payment stopped by order of the directors.

A. T. SIMPSON,
Manager.

New Oriental Bank Corporation, Limited.
Bombay, 9th June, 1892."

The news reached Bombay yesterday morning through Reuter's agency, and later in the day details came to hand. The news, which we are informed, was not wholly unexpected, caused no great amount of excitement in the Fort, for none of the local banks were in the least affected, not having for some time past negociated any of the Oriental Corporation's bills. An application was made to the Bank of England for assistance, but this, we are told, was refused owing to the absence of guarantee. The nominal assets are £8,250,000 and the liabilities are roughly estimated at £7,250,000. The reasons assigned for failure are the depreciation in silver, withdrawal of deposits in the East, and the bad condition of trade generally in China, Japan, and Australasia. The immediate cause of the stoppage is stated to the steady withdrawal, during the past year, of £1,000,000 of fixed deposits, though the amount of fixed deposits still remaining unpaid is £4,000,000. Notwithstanding recent statements to the effect that the Bank had made but few advances on estates in Mauritius, we now learn that the Bank suffered heavily by the late hurricane.

The following (the seventh) annual report of the Board of Directors was presented to the shareholders at the last ordinary general meeting held, in London, in July last:—

In submitting to the shareholders their annual report and balance sheet the directors have pleasure in drawing attention to the continued growth of the business here and abroad.

After deducting Income Tax, rebate of interest, and exchange on foreign assets, the earnings for the year ended 31st March last amounted to £398,101 16 6
Of this sum the working expenses in all parts of the world absorbed ... 90,195 7 6
307,906 9 0
And there has been paid as interest to the Bank's customers in this country and abroad 255,252 4 9
Leaving as the Bank's profit, to be added to the rest £52,654 4 3

An interim dividend of 6s. per share, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, was paid, free of Income Tax in January last, and the board now recommend a further dividend of six shillings per share, being at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, also free Income Tax, for the half-year ended 31st March last, the same to be paid on the 16th July. They also recommend that all dividends payable at the branches be paid free of local income tax.

During the year the debenture debt has been reduced by £71,924 0s. 7d., and the directors contemplate paying off the balance as the bonds fall due.

The past financial year has in many ways been a remarkable one, the stoppage of credit in the Baring crisis having caused many failures even in the most remote parts of the world. The Bank has joined the Bank of England in the Baring guarantee to the extent of £100,000. By the liquidation of the Gatling Gun Company the Bank sustained a loss of £12,000, which has been written off.

The Bank's late manager in Melbourne, who has since had to be confined in an asylum, while in a state of incipient insanity made advances on insufficient security, by which a loss of £90,000 may be made unless the new manager, who has been sent out to take charge, is able to reduce the amount.

The general collapse among the native bankers or chettics in Singapore may involve a further loss of £70,000. Vigorous action has been taken to effect recoveries.

Provision has been set aside for these items, and as soon as the directors have the precise figures before them, the loss will be written off.

The directors have to record the death of their esteemed colleague, Sir Benjamin Pine, K. C. M. G. They have also to report the retirement of Messrs. Boyle, and Cargil, whose seats at the board have been filled by the election of Sir William Marsh, K.C.M.G., Mr. P. W. G. Spence, and Mr. J. C. Shaw. In accordance with the Articles of Association, two directors, Mr. G. H. Tod-Heatly and Major-General Henry Beville, C.B., retire by rotation, but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. The auditors, Messrs. Welton, Jones & Co., also retire from office, but have expressed their readiness to act as auditors if re-elected.

The resolution to be submitted to the extra-ordinary general meeting is to enable the board to appoint one of their number as chairman for a longer term than one month.

By order of the Board of Directors,
ROBERT TURNER ROHDE,
Chief Manager.

The following figures show the continued increase in the business here and abroad since the commencement of the Bank:—

0th Sept., 1831	Banking Assets....			£102,000 dividend paid.
1st Oct.	„	„	..	742,000
0th Nov.	„	„	..	1,086,000
1st Dec.	„	„	..	1,180,000
1st March 1885	„	„	..	2,385,000	.5 % per annm.
30th Sept.	„	„	..	3,846,000	.5 „ „
31st March 1885	„	„	..	4,933,000	.5 „ „
30th Sept.	„	„	..	5,483,000	.5 „ „
31st March 1887	„	„	..	6,231,000	.6 „ „
30th Sept.	„	„	..	7,102,000	.6 „ „
31st March 1888	„	„	..	8,177,000	.6 „ „
30th Sept.	„	„	..	8,526,000	.6 „ „
31st March 1889	„	„	..	9,496,000	.6 „ „
31st „ 1890	„	„	..	10,573,000	.6 „ „
31st „ 1891	„	„	..	10,801,000	.6 „ „

BALANCE SHEET.
31st March, 1891.

Dr.	LIABILITIES.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Deposits, Acceptance and Endorsements			3,073,311 12 8
Fixed Deposits		4,857,764 4 11	
Current and other accounts		1,783,935 12 9	
			6,641,217 17 8
Paid up Capital viz.:—			
Gold Shares ..£350,000 0 0			
Silver Shares.. 107,229 11 8			
		607,229 11 8	
3½ per cent. Perpetual Debenture Stock		41,631 16 11	
Debentures secured on Premises		233,468 15 0	
The Rest ..£38,713 9 9			
Special Provision for Contingencies	165,000 0 0	203,713 9 9	
			1,083,013 13 4
			£10,801,103 3 8

	ASSETS.	£ s. d.	Cr.
Notes, Coin and Bullion		£225,277 11 7	
Money at Call and at Bankers		506,411 11 3	
			1,031,689 1 10
Government Securities and other Investments belonging to the Corporation			939,979 9 2
Bills Receivable Loans and Advances			8,315,406 2 8
Premises, Furniture, Stamps and Stationery			404,028 10 0
			£10,801,103 3 8

THE REST.

Dr.	For the Year ended 31st March, 1891.	£ s. d.	Cr. £ s. d.
Interim Dividend paid in January, 1891		18,488 0 0	
Losses written off, including the cost of returning Capital from abroad, now replaced by Silver Capital raised locally, which is not subject to depreciation		23,164 6 11	
Amount set aside to meet contingencies		165,000 0 0	
Balance of the Rest (of which the Dividend now proposed will absorb £18,216 17s. 9d.)		33,713 9 9	
Contingent Liability— Under Baring Guarantee £100,000 0 0			
		£250,365 16 8	

J. A. FERGUSON,
J. C. SHAW,
P. G. SPENCE,
GRANT HEATLY TOD-HEATLY, } *Directors.*

	Cr. £ s. d.
Balance of Rest, 31st March, 1890	215,353 17 5
Less Dividend paid in July last	17,642 5 0
	£197,711 12 5
Earnings here and abroad for the year ended 31st March last, after providing for Income Tax, Rebate of Interest, and Exchange on Foreign Assets £398,101 16 6	
Less Salaries and Expenses at Head Office and Branches .. 90,195 7 6	
£307,906 9 0	
Interest paid to Customers here and abroad 255,252 4 9	
	52,654 4 3
	£250,365 16 8

ROBERT TURNER ROHDE,
Chief Manager.

The authorized capital which was £2,000,000, subscribed and paid up £600,000.

The directors are Major-General Henry Beville, C.B., Mr. John Alex. Ferguson, Sir William Henry Marsh, K.C.M.G., Mr. J. C. Shaw, Mr. P. W. G. Spence, Mr. Grant Heatly Tod-Heatly, The Head Office is 40, Threadneedle Street, Loudon, E.C.; West End Office, 25, Cockspur Street, S.W. (Angus Fraser, Manager); Edinburgh Office, 19, St. Andrew Square, (D. F. Cohterlony, Manager); Dundee Office, 6, Panmure Street (W. J. Douglas, Manager) and the following is a list of the Foreign Branches:—Aden, Antananarivo, Badulla, Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Hong Kong, Jaffna, Kandy, Kobe (Hiogo), Madras, Mahe, Seychelles, Mauritius, Melbourne, Newera Ellia, Shangai, Singapore, Sydney, Tamatave, Yokohama, Zanzibar Agents—Galle, Manila, Nagasaki, New York, Paris, San Francisco, Vladivostock.

THE OLD BANK.

The Oriental Bank, out of the ashes of which the New Oriental Bank rose, suspended payment in May, 1884. The Bank was established in 1842, as the Bank of Western India (the early title of the corporation) and for some time this style was continued. With its foundation the name of Mr. W. W. Cargill will ever be connected. Mr. Cargill had come to India in 1840 to start the Bank of Bombay, but soon aimed at operations affording wider scope. He conceived the idea of exchange banks, and, working out his plans, arrived at the system which was developed by the Oriental Bank, and on the basis of which other banks have since sprung into existence. When the bank was firmly established, Mr. Cargill returned to London as its chief manager there, and about eighteen years ago retired from active association with its affairs. In the course of its development the establishment amalgamated with the Bank of Ceylon, and on the 31st August, 1851, obtained its first Royal Charter, and was thenceforth known as the Oriental Bank Corporation. In the original charter the name of the directors are given. These gentlemen, six in number, were: Harry George Gordon, Richard Hartley Kennedy, Adam Duff, Henry Allan Harrison, Wm. Erskine, and James Marshall. According to the same document the capital was to be £300,000, contributed in 12,000 shares of £25 each. A further sum of a similar amount was subscribed in the same year, and various payments during the next five years, chiefly in 1853, 1854, and 1856 raised the paid-up capital in 1859 to 1½ millions, at which figure it was presented in the last balance-sheet. For a number of years, the Oriental paid handsome dividends at the rate of 12 per cent., and when at the height of its progress and vitality previous to the era of speculation in Bombay its £25 shares were worth over £70. But that which was most frequently referred to as the crowning test of the Bank's stability was that it came uninjured out of the great share mania of Bombay. According to "Maclean's Guide" the name of the Oriental Bank Corporation appeared in the share list on the closing day of the year 1864, among twenty-seven banking institutions, with its shares at 107 per cent. premium, the last dividend noted having been at the rate of 16 per cent. Two years passed, and the Oriental stood almost alone save for those which had not their head-quarters in Bombay. The others had been swept out of existence.

The following is the text of the statement made by the directors in 1884 as to the Bank's collapse:—"The directors of the Oriental Bank Corporation wish to explain that the steps taken immediately after the stoppage of placing the affairs of the Bank in liquidation under the court was the only possible way of protecting the interests of both creditors and shareholders. As an unregistered company the Corporation could not be wound up voluntarily or under the supervision of the court, there being an express provision to that effect in the Companies' Act of 1862, Section 199. Both creditors and shareholders are deeply indebted to those good friends of the Bank, who seconded the creditors in the grave emergency of the stoppage, by presenting a petition so promptly as to secure the provisional liquidation in the hands of Mr. Welton and Messrs. Freshfields and Williams, before any hostile or speculative petitioners could take action. The liquidation by the court, however, does not at all prevent a scheme of arrangement being effected a little later on for relieving the Corporation as soon and as far as may be, from expenses and complications. Towards such a scheme the liquidators and the solicitors promise their earnest co-operation, and we feel bound to say that they are working through the difficulties which daily arise in a most prompt and energetic manner, and that the assistance and protection afforded by the court have been most beneficial. Without it there could have been no arrangements made for continuing the up-keep and ingathering of the crops in Mauritius and Ceylon. Meantime the solicitor of the Corporation is devoting himself to the endeavour to mature a scheme for its relief, and it is still hoped that one may be found practicable, probably taking the shape of a new bank to take up the still valuable business, and an estates company to take over the properties in Mauritius and Ceylon. It is not yet time to say more about these plans, but if a fair working arrangement can be devised it ought to receive the support of both creditors and shareholders, and in the meantime ill-considered public suggestions and premature discussions can only hinder the work in view."

ST. PATRICK'S CLUB CONCERT.

A VOCAL and instrumental concert was given at the above Club, on Wednesday night, and judging from the unusual large attendance that filled the hall and the excellence of the contributions, the entertainment was a complete success. Mr. C. B. Clancy, the honorary secretary deserves the warmest congratulations for the energy and ardour displayed in the undertaking. The concert was opened by the Misses Kate and Lilly Ward, playing "Westward Ho," a duet, for the piano, and the contribution received vigorous plaudits. The appearance of Mrs. Flynn, a pleasing vocalist, was greeted with an outburst of applause. Her singing of "A Blue Moon," and "Husbands," told well, her merry rendering of the latter song receiving quite an ovation. The violin solo by Mr. De Silva sufficiently displayed his ability on that instrument, while Mr. Phillips' concertina solo was clever. The amusing style in which Mr. Hack gave "Mullingar" in character, a costume as quaint as it was appropriate, captivated the audience Mr. Misquita contributed "True to the Last" in a pleasing manner, and was recalled. The next item, "The Wreath," by Mrs. MacDowell, Mrs. Clancy, and Mr. Misquita received the heartiest approval of the audience. The most interesting feature of the programme was "My First and Last Appearance on the Stage," a recitation by Mr. Stephenson. The declamation and gesticulations of the character of a comic brigand, who once appeared before the footlights to a bumper house, and created profound embarrassment by forgetting his lines, were imitated with infinite spirit and zest. A pianoforte trio from "Martha" was contributed by Mrs. Ezechiel and Masters Frank and Victor. The piece was a clever interpretation, and was vigorously applauded. Miss Murray sweetly sung the ballad "The Song that reached My Heart," while "Fiddle and I," by Mrs. MacDowell, was also well received. Mr. Thompson read "The Fireman," and Mr. Moore gave "If doughty deeds my lady please," which was duly acknowledged.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Marseilles and Ismalia with the Europe Mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mr T Michell
Mr Parkhill
Mr Paterson
Mr and Mrs Linghtowber
Mr W Cox
Mr Foley
Mr S Williams
Mr J Stapleton
Mr and Mrs Foster
Mr F Cowell
Mr F Glanville
Mr F Jolliffe
Mr H Parry
Mr J Kelly
Miss J Jones
Captain Kirkwood
Mr Proctor

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr A Brown
Captain Bellingham
Mr R R Gales
Mr G B Grogson
Lt Massil
Mr Westwood
Mr Antonio
Mr Enthoven
Mr Penfound
Lt Howell
Mr E A Gait

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr A D Wilkins
Mr Man
Mr Pawley
Major D'Agiular
Mr W Dods
Mr A N T Jackson
Mr and Mrs Humphrey
Mr Kiddle
Mr R H Wilson
Mr FitzGibbon

FOR ISMAILIA.—Col A G Ross.

SURGEON-CAPTAIN T. D. C. BARRY has been appointed Professor of Chemistry and Medical Jurisprudence, Grant Medical College and Professor of Chemistry, Elphinstone College, *vice* Brigade Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel. J. P. Lyon, C. I. E., retired.

MR. D. MACDONALD, M.D., B. Sc., C. W., will be substantive *pro tem.* Lecturer in Experimental Physics, Elphinstone College, in addition to his own duties, *vice* Mr. N. A. Moos.

CAPTAIN H. D. MINCHIN, Cantonment Magistrate of Belgaum, has been appointed Judge of the Court of Small Causes established within the limits of the Cantonment of Belgaum.

MAURITIUS CYCLONE.

A FUND has been started in aid of the sufferers by the cyclone, which has devastated the colony of Mauritius, causing widespread ruin and great loss of life, and subscriptions are earnestly asked for.

As a reason for appealing to the public here, it may be stated that over two-thirds of the population of the colony are natives of India.

The following amounts have already been promised, and further subscriptions will be received by Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co., Green Street, Bombay, or by Mr. Allen C. Stewart, Emigration Agent for Mauritius, 12, Garden Reach, Calcutta.

	Rs.
His Excellency the Viceroy	200
His Excellency the Governor of Bombay..	200
His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces	100
Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co....	200
„ Gillanders, Arbuthnot and Co....	100
„ Graham and Co	100
„ Harton and Co.	100
„ Jardine, Skinner and Co.	100
„ Turner, Morrison and Co.	100
„ Balmer, Lawrie and Co.	50
Mr. Allen C. Stewart.....	200
Surgeon-Major R. C Sanders, M.D.	16
Mr. C. W. Bolton, C. P.....	16
A Friend	16

THE CYCLONE AT MAURITIUS.

THE s.s. Alboin, of 649 tons, which arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius, under the Command of Captain William Ritchie, brings news that the following steamers and ships, which were driven on shore during the hurricane on the 29th of April last, are now afloat, though a few were still in their perilous position when the s. s. Alboin left. Steamers Amaranth, Stella, and Clavis (Government), ships Leander, Eurydice, Queen of Scots, and Vellore; barques Oaklands, Strathspey, and Teresa Cosulich are set afloat. The following are still ashore:—Barque Acancagua, s. s. Gladiator, barque John Davie, ship Sierra Perima, and barque J. L. Skolfield; the barque Lady Harewood went down, but the passengers and crew were picked up by a passing barque.

We have already published an account of the experience of the s. s. Alboin of London, 649 tons register, during the great hurricane of the 29th April, at and off Port Louis, but the following more detailed report will be doubtless read with interest:—

The s. s. Alboin was at anchor at the bell buoy, Port Louis, Mauritius, on the morning of the 29th of April. At 5 a. m. the weather was very threatening, and a heavy sea running into the mouth of the harbour, breaking all round the ship, the wind blowing strong from E.N.E. to N.E. We started the crew, getting the ship ready for sea, also to slip the cable, as it would have been very dangerous to heave the anchor up in the position the ship was in. At 6-30 a.m. we signalled the harbour officials for their opinion regarding the state of the weather, and after some delay received the reply 'use your own judgment.' Being a stranger to Mauritius, I thought this rather hard usage. The wind, sea, and general appearance of the weather becoming so bad, accompanied by a rapidly falling barometer, I told the chief officer to have all ready for slipping, and to put two buoys on the cable. I then hoisted a signal asking in what direction they expected the wind. To this, however, I received no answer. I then signalled, 'I shall proceed to sea, which was also unanswered. The general appearance of the weather left it no longer a matter of doubt as to what was about to occur, although the harbour authorities seemed to think otherwise, no warning signal having been given. At 7-45 a.m. I slipped the port cable at 60 fathoms for the safety of the ship and lives on board. By this time the sea was very high and breaking all round the ship. I steamed out to sea with a rapidly falling barometer, the officers and crew doing their utmost to secure everything about the decks, the engineers readily doing all in their power to assist them. At 8 a.m. the wind was blowing a strong gale from the eastward, and a very high sea running, the ship heading north. At 9 a. m. the wind and sea rapidly increasing and the barometer falling fast, I knew the ship was going into the centre of a hurricane, but could do nothing, as I had a lee shore on both sides, and had to get off the land. We had fifteen deck passengers from Port Natal to Bombay. I ordered them down the after-hatch and battened the hatch down at 10 a.m. The ship was involved in a furious hurricane with a terrific sea running sky overcast, heavy rain, and rapidly falling barometer, the ship driving broadside on about six knots per hour. Mr. Beattie, the chief officer, was thrown violently to the deck and received two severe scalp wounds and other injuries, and had to be carried to the second engineer's room insensible, in which condition he remained for about 5 hours. The Malay crew seeing the chief officer disabled, and the state of the weather, the greater part of them turned sick and disappeared, leaving only the carpenter, two sailors, and the quartermasters to perform further duty. They kept at their work along with the second officer throughout the first part of the storm, and when in the centre from 1-20 to 1-40 p.m., the second officer with what few hands he had and the engineers tried their utmost to secure the fore and main hatches, but before this could be done the other side of the hurricane struck the ship, and tore the hatches from their hands, also lifted others clear off the hatchways and blew them into the air and overside like sheets of paper, leaving the fore and main hatchways open. In the centre of the storm the sea was something dreadful, coming from all points of the compass, and very dangerous. One time the ship reared right on end and a sea struck her under the main hatch. I thought she was broken in two. This sea hove the standard compass right out of the gimbals, and it dropped into the bowl. It was very fortunate that the other side of the hurricane struck the ship so soon, as no ship could have kept afloat very long with such a tremendous cross sea. At 1-40 p.m. the ship entered the other side of the storm, the wind coming from the west, and with such violence that she lay over, and the seas ran up the sides and clean over the ship, only sprays going into the hatchways. The force of the wind from 1-40 p.m. until 5 p.m. was blowing at the rate of about 123 miles per hour. Fortunately two casks of oil lashed on deck got stove in, and the oil running through the scuppers did a great deal towards keeping the sea down; the force of the wind also assisted greatly in keeping the water smooth, although it ran very fiercely. From 1-40 until 5-30 p.m., no one could move about the ship, the wind and sea being so fierce. At 6 p.m. the wind commenced to take off, and the sea commenced to get higher, breaking over the ship fore and aft in large bodies, and the ship, rolling tremendously, either rolled or washed everything adrift and overboard or knocked them to pieces. Everybody by this time was thoroughly fagged out and scarcely able to move. At 9 p.m. the wind lulling a bit and a tremendous sea running, one sea struck the after cargo derrick, carrying away the lashings and crutch, the derrick swung from side to side until we could cut the topping lifts and drop the derrick. By this time the starboard main rigging was carried away by the derrick, and all hands being sick, nothing could be done to secure the mast. At 10 p. m. the ship was rolling tremendously, the main mast rolled cleaned over the side, taking with it the cargo derrick and the accommodation ladder. We had great difficulty in cutting away the rigging to clear the wreck of the ship's side. The second officer, chief engineer, and carpenter did their utmost, and worked well, getting the wreck clear, it being pitch dark, and the ship rolling to such a degree made it no easy matter. The hatchways being open, and a high sea running, I had to keep close to the bridge and keep the ship's head on to the sea, which commenced to go down about midnight, the wind hauling into the S.E. A heavy S.E. sea commenced to run. A chain box bolted and lashed to the after-deck, got knocked to pieces, and the end of one of the chains washed out of a side port and got round the shaft, but by putting the engines full speed astern it fell clear.

Saturday, April 30.—At 2 a.m. we sighted distress signals from some vessels close alongside. I could hear their voices and blew the whistle, but could render no assistance as our own vessel was in a disable condition. And it would have been very dangerous to have let the ship's head fall off the sea. At 6 a.m. commenced to clear up the decks, and got the 'tween deck hatches up, and secured the upper hatchways and then ran in for the land. At 5-45 p.m., anchored as close as possible to where we slipped our anchor, but could see nothing of the buoys. I signalled to the harbour officials that the ship was disabled, also that there was a vessel outside in distress, but received no reply.

On Sunday, 1st May, I again hoisted the signals, 'ship disabled,' and 'a vessel outside in distress,' but got no answer. On Tuesday, 3rd May, the 'Alboin' went into the harbour. We found all the shipping aground and badly damaged. About 27 steamers and sailing vessels in all; also the light ship had lost her mast, and one man and all her fittings were smashed. We also found the town of Port Louis a complete wreck.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN adjourned meeting of the Bombay Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, under the presidency of Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik. There were also present:—Messrs. Anandrao Narayen Vasudeo, Ardesir Dadabhai Mody, Badrudin bin Abdula Kur, Brigade-Surg. S. O'B. Banks; Mr. Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Byramjee Nasserwanjee Servai, C. H. Byrne, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Cowasji Pestonji, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, A. D. D'Monte, Dinshaw Edulji Wacha, Rao Saheb Elappa Balaram, Messrs. Fardunji Nasarwanji Bisni, Fazalbhai Jumabhai Lalji, Goolam Hoosein Allana, Hurkisondas Narrotumdas, Ibrahimji Rahimtula, Jugmohandas Vandrawandas, Jamsedji Kharsedji Kama, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kaikhosro Nowroji Kabraji, Karsandas Chabildas, K. M. Shroff, Kharsedji Nasarwanji Wadia, Meherjibhai Rastamji Setna, Mulji Bhowanidas Barbhaya, Muncherjee C. Murzban, Nanabhai Navroji Katrak, Nanu Narayen Kothare, Pherozeshah Merwanjee Mehta, Pranjivandas Cullandas, Rahimtula Mahamed Sayani, G. W. Roughton, Solim Solomon, Sundernath D. Khote, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Captain W. F. Walshe, and Colonel W. H. Wilson.

THE ENGINEERS' QUARTERS AT LOVE GROVE.

Dr. Cowasjee Hormusjee moved in accordance with the recommendation of the Standing Committee that the Corporation sanction the grant of Rs. 5,134, being the amount necessary to provide quarters for an additional engineer required for the proper management of the new engines and pumps when erected at Love Grove Pumping Station, the amount to be met by a transfer from the provision of Rs. 12,550 in the budget for new roads, Victoria Garden. Dr. Cowasjee Hormusji said the provision had become requisite under the provision of the Boiler Inspection Act, it being necessary to provide two engineers, one for night, and one for day duty. A provision of six thousand rupees had already been made in the last budget, but that was not sufficient for the present requirements.

Dr. Blaney asked where it was proposed to place the quarters.

Dr. Cowasjee

it would wait for the Standing Committe to throw light upon the matter.

Mr. Mehta, looking to the records of the committee mentioned by Dr. Blaney, discovered that the foot-bridge was mentioned in the deliberations of the Committee.

Dr. Blaney said he stood corrected, but still maintained that the Standing Committee could do nothing for them in the matter.

Mr. Cowasjee said that the inhabitants of Bombay had been treated very badly by the railway company on the question of foot-bridge. He thought after the light had been thrown upon the matter by Mr. Rahamtulla the railway company was simply asking the Corporation to contribute to the bridge which was for their benefit.

Mr. Shroff: The Railway Company has a bridge in the station.

Mr. Mehta: But how are the people going to get there?

Dr. Bhalchandra considered that it would be better to send the matter to the Commissioner for report.

Mr. Sayani said his only idea in proposing the motion was that it should be discussed by the Corporation. For his own part he approved of Mr. Mehta's amendment.

Mr. Bisni withdrew his amendment.

Mr. Mehta's amendment was then put to the vote and carried unanimously.

THE POLICE CHARGES AGAIN.

The Corporation considered letter No. 2,599, Judicial Department, dated 18th instant, from Mr. Secretary Lee-Warner, C.S.I., to the President, inviting attention to the correspondence on the subject of increasing the police of Bombay in accordance [illegible]

[illegible] Government charge [illegible] months they had absolutely forgotten that they had taken a long time to furnish the Corporation with statements which should not have taken more than a week. The Government were very anxious that the Corporation should not escape even that year the enhanced cost which Government considered recoverable. The Government had not deigned to enlighten them on the subject of the increased amount which they demanded from them. They would not tell them what it was. They (the Government) ought to have given them an idea of the increased amount for the current year, but they had not done so. The Corporation would remember that the deputation, of which he was a member, informed H. E. the Governor that there was a discrepency of something like a lakh of rupees. The Corporation was required to pay for their share towards the maintenance of the police Rs. 4,50,000, and they said surely there must be a mistake in the calculation, because up to the present time they had been paying Rs. 2,53,000, and the addition to the police force cost only a lakh, which at most would only make the Corporation's share Rs. 3,53,000. But in spite of that the Corporation was told that they would have to pay Rs 4,50,000. The deputation pointed out that discrepancy to Government, and when the matter was considered H. E. the Governor in his letter said it was quite true that there was a discrepancy, particularly owing to the cost being very much larger than the amount taken from the Corporation, but admitted that the demand on the Corporation was Rs. 50,000 beyond what it should have been. The Government had made another mistake in their calculation amounting to about a lakh of rupees. They would find from the letter of Government that the total cost of the police was Rs. 6,91,000 and from that was to be deducted Rs. 1,07,000 recoverable from public and private employers. When they came to the summary of the statement they found that the last amount should be Rs. 1,49,000, and there again there was a mistake of Rs. 41,000. A farther error was made by not putting down an amount for the police employed by Government for the purpose of carrying specie to Calcutta. In the new figures which Government had given them, there was an implied error of Rs. 50,000. It was necessary for the Corporation to consider those details and see that all charges against Government were included. Therefore, he thought, with regard to that portion of the letter they must point out to Government that in those detailed particulars there was a further error of Rs. 50,000. That would leave the Corporation very little more to pay than the amount contributed in past years. Another little matter on which Government talked nicely was about saving the Corporaion some expenditure if they would consent to go with Government in building quarters for the police. They said: The Corporation are already aware that house-rent contributes to the cost of maintaining the City Police. It has been suggested to this Government by recent correspondence that some relief might be given to the rate-payer if lines and houses were built for the force and their officers. The Corporation have urged that they are not liable to incur capital expenditure as a matter of legal compulsion, but it does not appear that the application of Municipal revenue to such an outlay would be illegal, and the Corporation would doubtless be willing to undertake the construction of lines and residences if they were convinced that such an arrangement would be more economical to the rate-payer. It might even be found convenient for Government to aid the Corporation in incurring such capital outlay."

Mr. Mehta thought the last sentence meant that Government would give the Corporation a loan.

Dr. Cowasjee: The Government may give us the land

Mr. Mehta, continuing, considered it was only a loan. Government were bound to look to the interest of the tax-payers, and they could not give the tax-payers' land in the City of Bombay for the use of the city. It would be too unjust. (Laughter.) He did not quite understand the sentence. If the Government were prepared to spend the money, why not build the place themselves, and take the rent from the Corporation. The Government again said: "I am, therefore, to suggest that the Corporation be moved to assist Government in an inquiry as to the financial results of such capital outlay." If there was one thing, which he (Mr. Mehta) dreaded it was a joint committee on which the Corporation was asked to serve, and he did not think they would be prepared to enter into it. Government further stated: "The present system exposes both the tax-payer and the rate-payer to the risk of increased expenditure for accommodation, since rents have been raised as leases expired and the requirements of the City Police have prevented the removal of police officers from places, where their presence is imperatively demanded by their duties. In conclusion, I am to request that the early attention of the Corporation may again be drawn to the re-organization scheme as suggested in my letter of the 30th November, and that Government may be favoured with the views of the Municipality on the subject of constructing police lines and quarters with a view to the reduction of the maintenance charges under the head of rent of quarters."

He (Mr. Mehta) said it was a very fine way of putting the matter, but he did not think the Corporation would consider there was any use of such a committee. All they had now to do was to discover the correct figures of the expenditure of the police, and he moved that "(1.) That the Government letter be recorded. (2.) That Government be informed that, as already pointed out, the Corporation are not responsible for the delay referred to in their letter, the fruitless deputation to H. E. the Governor having caused some, and Government not having supplied the summary of the police expenditure required by the Corporation till 11th March, 1892. (3.) That with regard to the portion of the cost of the police to be paid by them for the current year, the Corporation trust that irrespective of their intended appeal to the Secretary of State for India, the sum which they have been paying for so many years will not be enhanced till the question of the proposed increase is finally settled. (4.) That in case Government are not willing to listen to the above request the Corporation wish to point out that without being furnished with detailed particulars they are unable to judge what is the further amount claimed by Government; that so far as they can judge from H. E. the Governor's letter of the 8th February, 1892, (No. 29 of 1892) and the summary of expenditure recently supplied, it is now admitted that [illegible] the discrepancy [illegible] such [illegible] police quarters.

Mr. Cursondas Chubildas seconded the motion.

The Chairman invited further discussion of the motion, but no member rising, it was unanimously adopted.

THE PAHANG RISING

THE EX-ORANG KAYAH ESCAPES INTO THE JUNGLE.

THE Sultan, with his body-guard and a large following entered the Semantan on Friday afternoon, 13th ult. about 2 o'clock, for the purpose of proceeding upstream to join his son's force at Lubok Trua. He did not make much progress that afternoon, just a few miles or so, but he went ahead very speedily after that. On Sunday, 15th, some more of Tungku Allee's messengers arrived at Temerloh with the information that the Sultan had reached Batu Ampat, and that he expected to be at Lubok Trua that Sunday night. Tungku Allee reports that there was a smart skirmish with the ex-Orang Kayah's forces at Lubok Trua, which was of very short duration and apparently there was no casualty on either side. When the attacking party landed they found the place completely deserted, and that the people who had recently left the stockade, had cleared into the jungle. This is unfortunate in so far as it means that, instead of there now only being a river campaign, the Sultan will have to hunt the ex-Orang Kayah in the jungle, which operation may probably extend over several months. The many advantages which are afforded in a dense jungle, such as exists in Pahang, for giving cover to fugitives, and especially the indigenous human specie, make it almost impossible that the work of hunting out the ex-Orang Kayah can be done quickly; and, indeed, if the matter is finished within the next two or even three months, it will be looked upon by the officials here as an extremely satisfactory piece of work. The influence which may be brought to bear upon the ex-Orang Kayah and his following in the absence of a food supply. It is impossible for him to obtain supplies from the river for that has been cut off now for many weeks, and unless he has a fairly good supply of rice securely stowed away in some spot in the jungle, the ex-Orang Kayah must really be getting badly off for food. From the reports received from [illegible] would appear that the rebels are [illegible] Semantan, and at Lubok Trua, number altogether about fifteen hundred men. The force is even yet being augmented from the various Campongs along the river. On Sunday, about fifty Malays came into Temerloh from a place upstream called Temerlinz, which is just beyond Pulau Tawar. The Penghulu of the district has sent the men down, while he went away to call others, as there may be expected another lot of men down from the same district shortly. The "Ethel" arrived at Temerloh from Pekan on Sunday bringing up about one hundred and eighty muzzle-loading rifles and a quantity of ammunition which is intended for the Sultan's men. Seeing, however, that the men have already gone upstream, and probably, by this time, have commenced a jungle hunt, it was deemed to be useless to send them up these guns. Mr. Rodger still remains at Timerloh, and he may possibly do so for some time yet; although, presumably, he may take a turn up the Semantan as far as Lubok Trua just to see how affairs are progressing.

On Wednesday (18 May) messengers arrived from the Sultan's force at Lubok Trua bringing the information that a force of five hundred of the Sultan's men had gone into the jungle to give chase to the ex-Orang Kayah and his followers. It was reported that before they had commenced the march and while out fishing in the river they were fired upon by the rebels. Five shots were fired, but fortunately the aim was not good and nobody was injured. The Sultan's men were sent into the jungle on Sunday, 15th instant, so that they have been nearly four days already in conducting the chase. It is said that the ex-Orang Kayah has about four hundred men with him, and thus the question arises whether a force of five hundred is sufficient to take up the hunt.

A mild form of diarrhœa has attacked the Sikh detachment at Temerloh, and its cause is generally attributed to the river water, which is not of the purest, and which the Sikhs, and in fact everybody here, use as a table commodity.

The Government stockades at Pekan have all been completed and they are now occupied by Sikhs. There are three of these stockades, and the formation is that of a triangle for the defence of Pekan Bharu only. One is opposite the Residency, and where the Treasury weighing shed stood hitherto; one is next the large jetty and near the Opium and Spirit Farms premises; and the other is what was once Mr. Lockhart's quarters, which has, for the nonce, been converted into a "kubu." The central—and most important—stockade is, I suppose, the gaol, where, it is believed, the Europeans will flock to in case of necessity. I have been told that the quantity of timber supplied by the Pahang Exploration Company from the Kuala for building the stockades in Pekan comes up to something like 50 or 60 tons.—*Straits Times.*

THE Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria is distinguishing himself by his prowess as an engine-driver, while his uncle is winning fame as an occulist at Meran. The heir to an Austrian throne last week drove the express train from Winner Neustadt to Glogsnitz, and arrived with praiseworthy punctuality.

IN connection with the now almost forgotton Pamir incident, states a contemporary, it may be remembered that the Russian Government condemned the action of Colonel Yanoff, which they admitted to be "illegal," and expressed their regret at the occurrence. This was satisfactory enough, but it must not be supposed that the Russian officer who was responsible for the alarm raised by the appearance of the Cossacks on the Hindu Kush has been in any way disgraced. The usual procedure has been followed in St. Petersburg. Colonel Yanoff was made a scapegoat for the time being; but since then he has received the reward which *agents provocateurs* are always given, whether their work is done in South-eastern Europe or in Central Asia. We have it on undeniable authority that the Czar has presented him with the gold ring, with the Imperial Cypher set in diamonds, which is given to officers as a special mark of his Imperial Highness's favour. This form of "decoration" is very highly valued in the Russian Army, and its bestowal upon Colonel Yanoff, who "illegally" ordered two English officers summarily to quit the Pamirs, is extremely significant. The affair is so absolutely in accord with Russian methods that it need excite no surprise. It will be remembered that the General who directed the attack upon the Afghan position at Panjdeh, was given a sword of honour, though England and Russia were at the moment engaged in carrying out the peaceful delimitation of the Afghan frontier.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE New Oriental Bank, which has branches throughout the East, suspended payment yesterday, the liabilities being stated at eight and a quarter millions.

HEAVY rains are reported to have fallen in Ahmedabad doing considerable damage to property.

GENERAL THOMAS AUGUSTUS CAREY, whose death is announced by Reuter, was a Bengal Officer who served throughout the Mutiny, but had been on the retired list for many years.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY, Lord Harris and Sir Auckland Colvin head the Indian subscription list for a fund in aid of the sufferers in the Mauritius.

MISS JEWEL DEANE, the actress, died at the Hotel de Paris, Calcutta, of consumption on Sunday last, and was buried the same evening.

THERE were 288 births and 198 deaths registered at the Poona City Municipal Office during the month of May last.

[illegible] Pahang points to the disturbances [illegible]g in dacoit fashion. At Raub they [illegible]in loss of life and harassing interrup- [illegible] work.

[illegible]arthquake was felt in Singapore at [illegible] eight on Tuesday, 31st ult., the [illegible]d since 1861. Shocks were expe- [illegible]t about the same time in Penang, the Malay Peninsula and Deli.

THE mail train which was due at Rajkot at 7-30 on Tuesday evening did not steam into the station till one o'clock next morning, owing to very heavy rain aloag the Morvi Railway line on this side of Wankaner. As a portion of the line about five miles—from Dugdugia to Than had been washed away the mail train did not leave Rajkot, as usual. The mails were carried on a trolley. At 3-30 p.m., the mixed train left, but it was expected to be delayed at Dugdugia.

A CURIOUS illustration of superstition which still prevails in Kashmir is the following:—The Municipal Committee, with a view to purify the air, lighted a large number of sulphur fires in various parts of the city. Some of the Moulvis preached that any step to oppose the will of God will excite divine wrath more, and that people dying in the mohallahs where sulphur was burnt would die as Kafirs or infidels. The result was that within an hour people extinguished the fires with water, and thus care and money expended for the public good was wasted.

THE amount of 4½ per cent. India Stock to be converted, according to the conditions announced in the *Gazette of India*, is a little over 12 crores. Looking at the quoted prices in India of 4 per cents, it seems probable that the offer of conversion will be largely accepted in London, where most of the paper is held. 4 per cents are at £70½, and 4½ at £67⅜. Government seem to have been liberal in their offer, as 4½ per cents were quoted on Saturday at Rs. 103-8 in Calcutta, while 4's were nearly 109. The result of the notification will probably be to reduce the difference in the price of the two kinds of paper.

THE Lahore paper regrets to announce the death, after a short and painful illness, of Mr. Tom Higgins, the well-known Pleader and son of Lieutenant-Colonel Higgins, C.I.E. Mr. Higgins, who was quite a young man, sustained a very heavy loss but a few weeks ago in the death of his wife from [illegible] on an attack of pneumonia. He [illegible]t ten days ago, and rapidly grew [illegible]plication of disorders. Colonel [illegible]e, was sent for, and arrived in- [illegible]ousie a few hours before his son's [illegible] place about three o'clock on the [illegible]day last. Mr. Higgins was very [illegible]espected, and had one of the [illegible]e Punjab. He leaves a family [illegible]ren, for whom and the other members of his family much sympathy is felt by a large circle of friends. The funeral, which was largely attended, took place on Sunday morning at the Lahore cemetery.

SIR JAMES DORMER made a felicitous little speech at the Lawrence Asylum, Ootacamund, on Saturday. After referring to the Founder, and the origin, object and working of the institution he briefly referred to his own school days. He had to rise at 5-30 a.m. and fast till 8-30 a.m., when breakfast was served, consisting of "a lump of bread, a pot of rather rancid butter, and a bowl of weak, luke-warm tea." As regards the dinner, the quality was bad, and one small boy wrote home complaining that the boys only got the left legs of mutton, the masters keeping the tasty dexter limbs for themselves. Sir James was a "regular pickle," and was frequently flogged with "a flat piece of leather, called a ferule, fastened to a stick like a bat handle"—a sort of cat-o-one-tail in fact. However, when his Excellency left school he received a large silver medal for "general attention and good conduct." Sir James told the boys and girls of the Asylum to take warning by his bad example, and to apply themselves to their studies with devotion, and not idle.

FROM the most recent official returns on the subject it appears that the large tea gardens in Assam are driving out the small. Thus, last year, some forty-three gardens were struck off the register in Kamrup as either abandoned or unworked; but their total acreage was very little more than the additions the Cachar planters made to their holdings in the same period. On the whole there was a net decrease of thirty-five gardens; but an increase of over two thousand acres in the total area under tea in the Surma and Brahmaputra valleys. Despite the complaints of the planters that the competition of Ceylon is forcing down the prices, their own operations are steadily extending; and the yield last year reached the enormous total of ninety million pounds, or some eight million pounds more than in the year preceding. The Assam planters seem now to have made up their minds to leave the beaten track and exploit new markets systematically: a determination which should have more effect in keeping up prices than representations on the subject of the superior advantages enjoyed by Ceylon.

IN view of the recent news from Manipur, observes a contemporary, it would be interesting to know whether the policy of disarming the population has been thoroughly carried out, and the number of firearms confiscated. It is obvious that no rising could have any chance of success unless the Manipuris had guns of some kind, for they would not dare to attack our sepoys with merely spears and swords. When General Collett occupied Manipur, he found 250,000 rounds of smooth-bore cartridges, 500,000 percussion caps, 180 barrels of gunpowder, and a number of old-fashioned muskets. But the Manipur "army" had melted away, and it could not then be ascertained what arms and munitions of war the men had taken with them. They were mostly levies, called in for the time being, and they would on their return to their villages hide their guns. As matters settled down, the collection of arms began, and it was presumably proceeded with for several months. Some small compensation was, we believe, given to those who brought in their muskets; but no report has appeared as to whether this arrangement was successful or otherwise. Major Maxwell, an officer of experience and determination, may be trusted to have done all that was possible under the circumstances; but the Manipuri is an adept in the art of deceit, and there may be still a considerable number of firearms hidden away. Last year no one could form any estimate as to the arms among the Kukis and hillmen about the Manipur Valley; but that each village had some old muskets was beyond question. Reference to Assam records would show how many Enfield rifles were given to Manipur, and the table of those surrendered might be compared with the original lists. We should then be in a position to judge whether any rising in Manipur could be of a serious kind.

ARCHDEACON FARRAR reiterates what Professor Bryce says—that the average condition of the clergy in America is better than that of the English clergy.

"THE bitter feeling which exists in some quarters against the Church is due," declares Viscount Cross, "to its vitality. It is essentially the Church of the poor."

"THE rich," said Mrs. Jacob Bright at the Women's Liberal Federation, "cannot legislate for the poor, nor the poor for the rich; nor can men for women; but all for all."

A MERCHANT in Frankfort-on-Main has just been prosecuted for profanity. He had issued an advertisement, beginning with the words, "Let there be light, and there was light." The Court sentenced him to a fine of £5.

THE Lord Mayor has told the London Bankers that in 1890 there was "cleared" in the City, for London alone, no less a sum than £7,801,048,000; that there was deposited in all the banks in the United Kingdom an estimated sum of £850,000,000, and that there was in the Savings Banks a further sum of £114,000,000, making a total of nearly £1,000,000,000.

IN consequence of the death of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, the opening by the Queen of the Imperial Institute has been postponed until next year. It has been decided, however, not to delay the commencement of some of the work of the Institute, and an informal opening of certain departments will take place in June. Labour difficulties have prevented the completion of the main building; but some interesting Indian and Colonial collections are being formed.

"IT is impossible," declares the Bishop of London, "to say that the legislation of the United States is as truly Christian as the legislation of this country. A great deal has happened there which religious men would earnestly deprecate here, and there can be no doubt that on several of these questions the existence of the Church in its present position has prevented the State from passing legislative measures which would have had a disastrous effect upon the ordinary morality of the country."

UNDER the presidency of the Prince of Wales the final meeting of the Council of the Naval Exhibition was held at the United Service Institution on Friday, when it was stated that there was a surplus of £47,010. His Royal Highness declared this amount available for the fund for relieving the widows and orphans of seamen and marines dying in the service, and subsequently, in reply to a vote of thanks, expressed confidence that their work would impress on the public the great importance of the navy.

MR. BRUSH, the famous electrician in the States, has on his property at Cleveland a giant windmill, busy grinding electricity, which keeps alight 360 incandescent lamps. The wind is a capricious force, and there is little chance of it being extensively used as a motor for electric lighting until we have learned how to store it and keep it in reserve, a problem which electricians by no means despair of solving. Then concessions of wind may be sold as well as waterfalls, whilst hurricanes and cyclones will be eagerly sought for and quoted on the markets.

THE Russian Volunteer Fleet Association have just ordered from Messrs. Hawthorn, Leslie and Co., of Newcastle-on-Tyne, a steamer of 10,000 tons capacity. The new ship, which is to be named the Kieff, will have a special 'tweendeck accommodation for 1,500 convicts, carrying that number every year from Odessa to Saghalien. The new vessel will have a speed of 14 knots. The same English firm have already built two steamers for the Volunteer Fleet, the Orel and the Saratoff. The voyage outwards and homewards of each of these vessels in the Far East trade is worth about 300,000 roubles, or £30,000.

A FRESH anti-missionary demonstration is reported from Szechuan. Large quantities of literature, of the same stamp as the infamous Hunan publications, are being offered for sale with the object of stirring up the people against the missionaries. At Sunching Fu more aggressive measures have been taken. There, after a more or less successful attempt to boycott the missionaries, the roofs were removed from their houses, and as they apparently did not take this as a hint to quit, they were carried outside the city. The movement is said to have been inspired by the Viceroy and has the support of the "gentry" of the district.

IT sounds odd at first to hear of Mahomedan feasts being observed in the capital of Russia, the traditional enemy of the Ottomans and of Islam. But there is a prosperous colony of Mussulmans at St. Petersburg, and they kept their Bairam after the recently ended fast of Ramzan with the observances due to it, the *namaz* being recited by three Mollahs. Gengis Khan, a descendant of the conqueror, presided at the ceremony, which took place in the Alexander Hall, of the Municipal Palace. They talk of building a mosque at St. Petersburg, and a minaret may ere long rise above the Neva. Why not? There are more Mussulmans in St. Petersburg than there are Christians at Bokhara, yet Bokhara has an Orthodox church.

NOT only is the name of the late Professor John Couch Adams to be perpetuated at Cambridge University by the foundation of a Chair of Astronomy, the occupant of which is to be styled the "John Couch Adams Astronomer," but the late Cambridge Professor's memory is also to be kept green in his native country of Cornwall. The Cornish memorial will consist of a simple mural tablet of brass or marble, which will be placed in Truro Cathedral, Dr. Gott, the Bishop (who is also Dean of the Cathedral) and the Residentiary Chapter having given their cordial co-operation and consent to the proposal. It is believed that Dr. Jebb, M.P. for Cambridge and Regius Professor of Greek there, will contribute an inscription.

THERE was one particularly funny incident in the Brenon-Frederic trial. Mr. Greaves had just concluded his evidence, when Mr. Shee, Q.C., rose and said, quite loudly, "Dam!" People laughed a little, thinking the learned counsel had unintentionally let out the expletive a little too loudly. But when he repeated "Dam!"—this time quite shouting the naughty word—the judge looked scandalised, the jury looked hurt, and everyone wondered what was coming next. In another moment his lordship might have told the learned Q.C., that he could not permit language of that sort in open Court, however great the annoyance, when Mr. Shee corrected the prevalent misapprehension by calling "Mr. Harry Dam!" who should have been the next witness had he not been absent.

THE people who have raised the controversy about pulpit plagiarism have opened up a field of almost illimitable discovery. Someone has been cruel enough to compare Dr. Parker's "Apostolic Life" with Dean Plumptre's "Introduction to the Acts of the Apostles." Here is a sample:—

DR. PLUMPTRE.	DR. PARKER.
In the title itself the Greek MSS. present considerable variations—"Acts of the Apostles," "Acts of all the Apostles," "Acts of the Holy Apostles," sometimes with the addition of the author's name, "Written by Luke the Evangelist," "Written by the Holy and Illustrious Luke, Apostle and Evangelist."	(1.) In the title the Greek MSS. present considerable variations, as, for example—"Acts of the Apostles," "Acts of all the Apostles," "Acts of the Holy Apostles." Sometimes the Author's name is given, in one instance thus—"Written by the Holy and Illustrious Luke, Apostle and Evangelist." Chrysostom called it "The Book, the Demonstration of the Resurrection."
. . . It is in no sense a history of the Apostles as a body. The names of the eleven meet us but once (chap. i. 13). They are mentioned collectively in chaps. [eight references]. St. John appears only in chaps. [three references.	2. The book is in no sense a history of the Apostles *as a body*. The names of the eleven occur but once. They are mentioned collectively eight times. St. John appears in three instances only.

BOMBAY SEASON REPORTS.

THE following season reports for the week ending 7th June were published in yesterday's *Government Gazette*:—

Karachi.—Rain at Jerruck 4 cents. River at Kotri on 6 h 10 feet 9 inches against 12 feet 9 inches on same date last year. Harvesting of rabi crops almost completed. Spring crops flourishing. Kharif operations in progress. Agricultural stock in fair condition. Fodder insufficient.

Shikarpur.—River 7 feet 6 inches against 9 feet 10 inches on same date last year. Preparation for kharif crops in progress. Fodder insufficient. Condition of cattle poor.

Hyderabad.—Drizzle in Guni and Tando-Bago. Kharif operations in progress. Rice seedlings being sown in Guni, Badin and Tando-Bago. Rice transplantations commenced in Badin. Cattle lean from starvation.

Upper Sind Frontier.—Crickets doing harm to young crops in three villages of Jacobabad and one village of Shahdadpur. Water-supply bad in Kashmore, Thul and Jacobabad talukas. Fodder insufficient and very dear except in Shahadadpur. Want of plough cattle continues in Thul and Kashmor. Cultivators returning gradually.

Thar and Parker.—Locusts appeared in Sanghar Taluka, going towards north. Cattle returning to desert talukas. Marwari immigrants proceeding homeward in large numbers. Umarkot canals flowing on 3rd.

Ahmedabad—(For week ending 4th June).—Rain for week maximum 77 cents at Dhandhuka, minimum 15 cents at Sanand; for season maximum 80 cents at Parantij, minimum 35 cents at Sanand. Land being prepared for kharif cultivation. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices stationary.

Panch Mahals.—Rain during the week maximum 2 inch 3 cents in Dohad, minimum 88 cents in Godhra. Agricultural stock healthy. Fodder-supply sufficient.

Kaira—(For week ending 4th June).—Rain for week maximum 3 cents at Anand, minimum 1 cents at Thasra; for season maximum 20 cents at Thasra, minimum 1 cent at Kaira. Manuring of land in progress. Agricultural stock in good condition. Fodder-supply sufficient. Prices of wheat and rice slightly fallen.

Broach.—Rain for week maximum 81 cents at Broach, minimum 17 cents at Ankleshvar. Preparations of land for monsoon cultivation in progress. Condition of fodder-supply good and agricultural stock healthy.

Surat.—Slight rain throughout the district; maximum 80 cents at Chikhli and minimum 10 cents at Mandvi. Preparation of land in progress. Fodder sufficient and agricultural stock good.

Khandesh.—Rain for week at Dhulia 3 inches 34 cents; average in the district 78 cents. Preparations for next season continue. Condition of fodder-supply and agriculture stock good. Prices of food grains continue high.

Nasick.—Rain for week at Nasick 1·61, Igatpuri 3·47, Dindori 3·22, Chandor 3·40, Calvan 3·63, Peint 3·47 inches; in other talukas maximum in Sinnar 2 inches 98 cents, and minimum in Malegaon 46 cents. Rab-burning in progress in Nasik, and sowing of rice and nagli commenced in Igatpuri and of nagli in Peint. Land being prepared for the season elsewhere. Condition of fodder and agricultural stock fair in 8 talukas and middling in Sinnar, Dindori and Peint. Want of water for cattle in Malegaon.

Kolaba (Bombay).—Rain every day except on 1st. Total of week 3 inches; total from 1st January 3·11, being ·03 above average. Abnormal temperature 2·2 on 1st; 3·2 on 2nd, 4th and 6th, 1·0 on 3rd, and 4·4 on 5th and 7th. Vapour under normal. Abnormal wind from south-east on 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 6th and strong on 1st and 2nd; from north-east on 4th; wind normal on 5th and 7th. Lightning on 1st; thunder to-day on 3rd; thunder and lightning on 5th and 7th.

Thana.—Rain for week at Thana 2 inches 65 cents in talukas; maximum in Mahim 2 inches 75 cents, minimum in Bassein 39 cents. Sowing commenced in Salsette, Dahanu and Murbad talukas. Condition of fodder-supply and agricultural stock good.

Kalaba.—Rain maximum 2 inches 49 cents at Mahad, minimum 70 cents at Karjat. Sowing commenced throughout district. Agricultural stock good.

Kolhapur.—On June 4th aggregate person on relief works: Professional Agency 8,839; Civil Agency, 1,455.

Ratnagiri.—Rain everywhere; maximum 13 inches 10 cents in Ratnagiri, minimum 1 inch 38 cents in Khed. Sowing operations in progress.

Poona.—Rain throughout the district, at Junnar 2·19, Ambegaon 2·61, Khed 2·90, Ambegaon 2·10, Sirur 1·80, Purandhar 4·16, Bhimthadi 2·82, Baramati 4·23, Haveli 1·50, Mulshi 2·39, and Maval 3·27 inches; for season maximum 5 inches 91 cents at Baramati, minimum 2 inches 18 cents at Indapur. Land being prepared for the monsoon throughout the district. Fodder and water-supply insufficient. Prices steady.

Ahmednagar.—Rain throughout the district, maximum 4 inches 5 cents in Nagar, minimum 5 cents in Shevgaon; for season maximum 4 inches 75 cents in Nagar, minimum 68 cents in Kopargaon. Preparation of land for kharif crops continues. Sowing of mung commenced in Shrigonda Taluka. Agricultural stock fair. Prices of food-grains steady.

Sholapur—(For week ending 4th June).—Rain for week at Sholapur ·80, Barsi ·58, Madha 1·56, Karmala 1·62, Pandharpur 1·34, Sangola 2·93 and Malsiras ·18 inches; for season maximum 2 inches 93 cents at Sangola, minimum 18 cents at Malsiras. Lands prepared for sowing of kharif crops in all the talukas. Plants of sugarcane in Barsi and Malsiras talukas in good condition. Fodder-supply insufficient. Agricultural stock not good. Supply of water in Malsiras still insufficient for cattle.

Satara.—Rain in all talukas, maximum in Khatav 4 inches 62 cents, minimum in Tasgaon 48 cents. Preparation of land nearly completed. Sowing operations commenced. Water-supply insufficient in parts of Karad, Khatav and Khandala. Prices stationary except in Karad, where they are slightly risen. Fodder scarce. Condition of cattle middling.

Bijapur.—Weather cloudy. Rain in Bijapur 2 inches 51 cents, Bagalkot 1 inch 11 cents, Sindgi 1 inch 94 cents, Badami 1 inch 58 cents, Indi 1 inch 15 cents, Bagevadi 64, Muddebihal 38 and Hungand 6 cents. Heavy showers at Bijapur on 3rd. Sowing operations commenced. Water-supply improved. Fodder and cattle dear. One Professional Agency relief work in Badami taluka 293 persons, including children employed; on Civil Agency petty water-supply relief works in Hungund 53, Bijapur 8, Badami 7, and Sindgi 3 persons employed.

Belgaum.—Rain at Belgaum 2 inches 60 cents, total 9 inches 80 cents; rain during week throughout the district, maximum 4 inches 43 cents in Parasgad, minimum 1 inch 78 cents in Sampgaon; more than 3 inches in Chikodi and Athni, more than 2 inches in Gokak and Khanapur. Rainfall very timely. Sowing of rice in progress in Belgaum, Sampgaon and Khanapur talukas. Prices continue high. Scarcity of fodder in 4 talukas. Cattle distressed in Navalgund, Gadag and Ron talukas. Prices stationary in 9 and rising in 2 talukas. Sowing of paddy in progress. Numbers on Local Board Professional Agency works in Navalgund on 4th, 967.

Kanara.—Heavy rain throughout the district. Sowing continues. Sugarcane and garden produce thriving.

Rajkot.—Rain 30 cents. Land being prepared for monsoon cultivation.

Wadhwan.—Rain 80 cents during the week. Cultivation for monsoon sowing in progress.

Baroda.—Rain during week 13 cents. Agricultural stock fair. Land being prepared for monsoon crops. Scarcity of fodder in some places in Kadi Division and of water in Amreli and Bet.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(Bombay Government Gazette, June, 9.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The services of Lieut. H G Carnegy, 9th Bo Infy, are placed at the disposal of Govt in the Political Dept.

The following promotion in the Native Army is made with effect from the 10th April:—4th Bo Infy—Subhedar Ganu Sawant to be Subhedar-Major, vice Subhedar-Major Marshall Fernandez, pensioned.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Capt J Monteith, I S C.

The undermentioned officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified:—Major W B Ferris, I S C, five months, private affairs.

The undermentioned officer is allowed furlough to Europe for one year and one hundred and eighty days on private affairs:—Major A Smith, I C S, Second-in-Comd, 22nd Bo Infy.

The following promotion in the Native Army is made:—7th Bo Lancers—Kote Duffadar Sajal Khan to be Jamadar, vice Jamadar Mir Hyder Shah Khan, promoted Ressaldar.

The following promotions in the Native Army are made:—2nd (P W O) Bo Infy (Grenadiers)—Subhedar Atma Ram Nalaude to be Subhedar-Major; Jamadar Hanwatti Utekar to be Subhedar; and Havildar-Major Parah Ram Munge to be Jemadar, vice Subhedar-Major and Bahadur Durga Singh, pensioned.

The following promotion is made subject to her Majesty's approval:—Surgn-Lieut-Col J Davidson, M B, I M S, to be Brd-Surgn-Lieut-Col, with effect from the 2nd April 1892, vice Brde-Surgn-Lieut-Col I B Lyon, C I E, retired.

Second Lieut W A Fisher, Proationer, I S C, has been granted by the Secy of State for India leave on medical certificate for six months.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate.

Lieut H F Walters, S C, Wing Officer, 24th Baluchistan Regt, for one year.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate.—

Capt W O M Morse, S C, Wing Officer, 20th Bo Infy, for one year.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon Mr Justice L H Bayley to act as Chief Justice of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, during the absence on leave of the Hon Sir C S Crgent, Knight, or pending further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Mr C H A Hill, I C S, to be sub pro tem Under Secy to Govt in the Political, Judicial, Educational and Legislative Depts, and Secy to the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations, vice Mr H Batty, I C S, appointed to be Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, and pending further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following transfers of second class Subordinate Judges at their own request:—Rao Saheb Chandulal Mathuradas Desistadea from Sinnar to Ankleswar; and Rao Saheb Gulabdas Laldas Nanavati from Ankleswar to Balsar.

H E in Council is also pleased to invest each of the above-mentioned Subordinate Judges within the limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Subordinate Courts of Ankleswar and Bulsar respectively with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits of which the value does not exceed fifty rupees.

Mr Chintaman Balkrishna Gosavi is appointed to be a Special Magte, and is invested within the limits of the Karad Taluka with the powers of a Magte of the third class.

Mr C F G Lester, Dist Supt of Police, Broach, has been allowed leave on medical certificate for one year.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to make the following promotions, vice the Hon Mr E T Candy, I C S, appointed to be Judge of H M's High Court of Judicature at Bombay:—Mr S Hammick, I C S, to be first grade Judge and Sessions Judge, vice the Hon Mr E T Candy; Mr T Hart-Davies, I C S, to be second grade Judge and Sessions Judge, vice Mr Hammick, taking rank in the grade according to seniority; and Mr C H Jopp, I C S, to be Joint Judge and Sessions Judge, Ahmedabad, vice Mr Hart-Davies, continuing to Act as Registrar of H M's High Court of Judicature, Appellate Side, Bombay.

H E in Council is also pleased to make the following appointments, vice the Hon Mr E T Candy:—Mr W B Crowe, I C S, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Poona, and Agt of the Sardars in the Deccan, vice the Hon Mr E T Candy; Mr M H Scott, I C S, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Satara, vice Mr Crowe; Mr S Hammick, I C S, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Ahmednagar, vice Mr Scott; and Mr T Hart-Davies, I C S, to be Judge and Sessions Judge of Surat, vice Mr Hammick, continuing to act at Kerachi till relieved by Mr. E Hosking, I C S, or until further orders.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Capt H D Minchin, Cantonment Magte of Belgaum, to be the Judge of the Court of Small Causes established within the limits of the Cantonment of Belgaum.

Mr. Rajabhai Manibhai is appointed to act as Clerk of the Assist Judge, F P's Court at Broach, with effect from the 1st inst, vice Mr. Phiroshah Darashah Manekshana, on privilege leave.

Khan Bahadur Muhammad Yacub Sheik Ismail, Magistrate of the first class in the district of Thar and Parkar and in charge of the Nara Valley Sub-division of that district, is invested with additional powers.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Capt F J Lowry, 2nd Beluch Battn, to be Cantonment Magte of Hyderabad, in addition to his military duties. Capt Lowry is also appointed to be a Magte of the first Class in the Hyderabad Dist, and will exercise the powers with which he is hereby invested within the limits of the Cantonment of Hyderabad.

POLITICAL.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Major L L Fenton to act as President of the Rajasthanik Court, Kathiawar, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Col G E Hancock, or pending further orders.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

H E the Govr in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn-Capt T D

THE PURCHASING POWER OF MONEY.

VICOMTE G. D'AVENEL, in the "Revue des Deux Mondes," writes:—That an increase in the amount of the precious metals in circulation in the shape of money increases the price of things which can be bought with it, and, therefore, diminishes the purchasing power of money, is absolutely certain. Why is it, however, that prices increase in a proportion very much less than the increase in the amount of money? By this question we touch the most obscure and difficult point, though also the most interesting, in the history of the variations in the purchasing power of money. Merchandise rises in price for two reasons—either because it becomes scarcer, or because money becomes abundant. Of course, when a single kind of merchandise (land, work, materials, woven goods) increase or diminish in price out of proportion to other kinds, there is evidently a cause which affects this kind of merchandise alone, and not the increase or diminution in the quantity of money in circulation. When, however, the price of all merchandise generally rises or falls, it is sometimes hard to say what is the exact cause.

There are times, in fact, when the precious metals become more abundant, as in the sixteenth century, and when the rise in prices is fictitious; nevertheless, the old relation between money and merchandise is not displaced by every increase in the metal. This affords ground for supposing that the demand for money has been greater than formerly, by reason either of an increase in the population, or greater commercial activity, transactions becoming more numerous and important, or by the extension of countries newly civilised. Such a diminution in the purchasing power of money may coincide with a period of prosperity in a country. Another case of diminution in the purchasing power of money, of rise in prices, is that of times of war, or revolutions, when everything becomes less abundant (land and the products of land because they are less easy of sale), and when merchandise costs more, because money "circulates less," while merchandise "does not cease to be produced." It may happen, also, that merchandise and money remain in a stationary proportion; that their prices in general vary little. Sometimes this state of things conceals a crisis, if merchandise and the precious metals both diminish at a nearly equal rate. Sometimes this state of things corresponds to an era of progress, if both merchandise and the precious metals rise in a nearly equal proportion.

No conclusion as to public prosperity, then, can be drawn either from the fact of the purchasing power of gold [illegible] the stationary condition of this power; that power diminishes or remains stationary, well in a time of crisis as in a time of progress. No more can conclusions be drawn from the increase in the purchasing power of money, that it be due to the very great abundance of silver, as well as the great scarcity of the metals. In the first hypothesis it is an indication of prosperity, and in the second an indication of disturbance. If an increase or diminution in the purchasing power of money proves nothing, at first sight, in the history of economics, it reveals infallibly the material condition of a country, when the causes of the increase or diminution are discovered. Thus, an increase in the purchasing power of money, when it results from a smaller supply of the precious metals, indicates that the country is in difficulties: because the amount of money does not, in fact, become less, but it is hoarded in pockets, in strong-boxes, and old stockings. This artificial disappearance of silver and gold, which causes the increase in its purchasing power, means nothing less than the impairment of credit. As to the diminution of the purchasing power of money, it is a sign of crisis, if it proceeds from the scarcity of merchandise, and it signifies nothing if it is the result of an abundance of the precious metals.

To apply all this to particular facts in the history of economics, I may point out that the purchasing power of money, which, from 1626 to 1650, was two and a-half times greater than in our day, was, from 1651 to 1700, not more than double what it is now. From 1701 to 1750 this purchasing power became triple what it is at present, and from 1751 to 1790 fell to double what it is at this time. Many persons find it strange that the cost of living in France has doubled only during the hundred years which separate us from the Constituent Assembly. Nevertheless, this increase of 100 per cent. is but an average. Certain kinds of merchandise have tripled in price. Boots and shoes have sextupled. On the other hand, linen and cloth have risen but 80 per cent. Oil for lighting costs the same price as a century ago, and candles 20 per cent. less. The rent of cottages in the country has risen 12 per cent., but wheat has increased in price but 30 per cent., dry vegetables but 50 per cent., and spices, especially salt, cost two-thirds less. In a word, the cost of living in France, taken altogether, is but twice what it was a century ago. During that time wages have tripled, the revenue from a hectare of land have doubled only, and the interest on capital has fallen 20 per cent. In order to permit the purchasing power of money to fall one-half during this century, it will be evident that the quantities taken from mines must have much more than doubled the stock of silver and gold which existed on the surface of the world in 1700, if you reflect that the progress of comfort, in our time, has absorbed for jewellery and domestic use a prodigious amount of these metals, and that, besides, entire countries, having been opened to civilisation, have been obliged, in order to provide a monetary circulation, to draw to themselves a large proportion of the gold and silver extracted from the mines in the last hundred years.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

THE cricket match M. C. C. *versus* Derbyshire at Lords, ended in a victory for the M. C. C. by nine wickets. The M. C. C. made 274 and 41, Derbyshire 172 and 142. The Oxford XI. *versus* The Next Sixteen ended on Saturday (May 14) in a victory for the sixteen with fourteen wickets to spare. The eleven scored 303 and 178; the sixteen 403 and 79. The Cambridge XI. *versus* Mr. Thornton's XI, captained by Mr. Webbe, finished in a victory for Cambridge by 97 runs. Cambridge made 117 and 368. Mr. Thornton's team 225 and 173.

The Yorkshire XI. *versus* XVI. of Scotland ended in a victory for Yorkshire by an innings and 86 runs. The M. C. C. defeated Blackheath, scoring 182 for six wickets; Blackheath making 113 all out. The M. C. C. defeated Yorkshire, at Lords, on Tuesday, May 17th, by four wickets. Yorkshire made 152 and 188; the M. C. C. 144 and 197. Surrey defeated Essex at the Oval by 195 runs, Richardson taking twelve wickets for 100. Surrey made 131 and 339, Essex 166 and 109. Lancashire beat Cheshire at Nantwich by an innings and 34 runs. Lancashire scored 205; Cheshire 105 and 66. Watson for Lancashire took 15 wickets for 69. Lord Sheffield's XI. *versus* the Rest of England ended at Nottingham, on Wednesday, 18th ult., in a draw. Lord Sheffield's team made 89 and 117; England 214. Cambridge University *versus* the Gentlemen of England closed at Cambridge in favour of the Gentlemen by four wickets. Cambridge put together 181 and 200, the Gentlemen 153 and 231.

On the 19th ult., at Lords, in the M. C. C. *versus* Nottingham, M. C. C. made 145, and Notts 187. At the Oval in Surrey *versus* Leicestershire, Surrey made 181 and 165; Leicestershire 103, and at five o'clock 49 for one wicket. Oxford University *versus* the Gentlemen of England, a team arranged by Mr. Webbe, began at Oxford the day before the mail left. The University made 172, and in the second innings up to the present 73 for six wickets; the Gentlemen scored 260. In Yorkshire *versus* Essex at Dewsbury, Essex got 100 and 63; Yorkshire 135. Yorkshire has since won by eight wickets. Lancashire *versus* Sussex at Manchester, the first leading county match of the season, resulted in Lancashire getting 55 and 206 and Sussex 72.

THE statement in Mr. Curzon's recently published book on racing to the effect that between two and three thousand pounds are paid weekly to "tipsters" is sufficiently appalling, but (writes a Sporting correspondent) nobody at all acquainted with the facts will regard it as exaggerated. Indeed, the large sums paid by tipsters for advertising suggest that Mr. Curzon's estimate is considerably within the mark. But one thing is indeed surprising. By the Act 37 Vic., c. 15, it is provided that where "any letter, circular, telegram, placard, handbill, card, or advertisement is sent, exhibited, or published," offering to give advice or information for the purposes of betting, the person so offending shall be liable to certain severe penalties. Why has this Act been gradually allowed to become a dead letter? Why, moreover, when so much has been said in Parliament and elsewhere about the portentous increase of gambling, has nobody asked a question on the subject? It is obvious that if the tipsters could not advertise, their trade would be gone.

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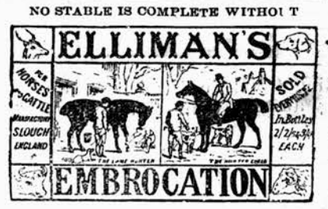

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